

In today's Jordan Times...

Prince Abdullah back from England: Page 2
A modern-day Orientalist? Page 3
Many ways to say 'no': Page 4
Saud Al Faisal in India: Page 5
Renewed calls for U.S. gun control: Page 7
Who's to blame for U.K. riots? Page 8

Jordan Times

An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation

جوردان تيمز يومية سيرة تصدر بالانجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية "الراي"

هذه من الاصل

Today's Weather

There will be an increase in temperature, with medium and high clouds. Winds will be light and variable, becoming northerly moderate. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moderate and seas calm.

	Overnight	Daytime
	Low	High
Amman	7	20
Aqaba	15	28
Dead Sea	6	23
Jordan Valley	15	28

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 17, Aqaba 26. Sunset tonight: 6:05 p.m. Sunrise tomorrow: 5:06 a.m.

Page 6, Number 1632 AMMAN, TUESDAY APRIL 14, 1981 — JUMADA AL THANI 10, 1401 Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence



Queen opens talks of Arab-American, Jordanian doctors

By Phyllis Hughes, Dina Matar and Abia Majaj
Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN, April 13 — Her Majesty Queen Noor today likened current developments in Jordan to the struggles in America in 1776.

The queen told a joint meeting of Arab-American and Jordanian doctors that although the time has changed, the basic principles of liberty and of opportunity in the service of human progress remain the same. Queen Noor was opening a two-day conference of the Arab-American Medical Association (AAMA) and the Jordanian Medical Association (JMA) at the Military Academy in Amman. She said: "We are proud of the standards we have achieved in Jordan, particularly as our progress has been the result of a deliberate process of partnership and co-operation. The financial support of fellow Arab states has enabled us to attain a level of medical services that you will see in Jordan during your stay — services that have been and always will be available to any needy patient in the Arab World and beyond. (See story on page 2) Top doctors from Jordan and other Arab states in the United States heard about the latest medical techniques available in many fields. Papers were presented today by doctors specialising in heart surgery, both in Jordan and in America. World-renowned U.S. heart surgeon Dr. Michael DeBakey told delegates of the latest developments in cardiovascular surgery. All the 65 visiting doctors members of the AAMA and JMA promote medical expertise and seminars throughout the Middle East. Queen Noor told them to represent the highest standards of professionalism in American medicine, just as we strive to provide the best possible care to our citizens and other Arab nationals. This is the second seminar organised by the AAMA. The first was held in 1978 in Baghdad, and the next will be staged in Egypt next year. Dr. Kamal Batniji, president of the AAMA, told the Jordan Times: "We chose Jordan for our seminar because we had an idea about the medical services here through contacts with (Maj. Gen.) Dr. Daoud Hanania, head of the King Hussein Medical Centre. "I hope this will be the beginning of a continuous cooperation with Jordan, and we would like to help to develop and update the medical services in this field." The association was set up in 1974 and now has 500 physicians as members, all of whom are of Arab origin. "Our aim is to bridge the gaps with the Arab Middle East countries," Dr. Batniji said. The association also has a charitable section dealing with medical developments throughout the world. Dr. Batniji comes from Gaza, and has been living in the United States for 14 years. This is his third visit to Jordan. Dr. DeBakey said: "This is an opportunity to discuss and to exchange different ideas in various fields." The surgeon, who has carried out more than 40,000 heart operations, gave a lecture on coronary disease and aortic aneurysms. He said: "Heart surgery is developing very well in Jordan." He praised the work and achievements of medical teams here involved in heart work. Dr. DeBakey is an expert in "spare parts" surgery, including the installation of artificial valves and arteries. During the seminar a whole range of topics will be discussed, including cancer, gastrointestinal disease, kidney transplants, impotence and infertility, corneal grafting and ear disease.

6th anniversary of Lebanese civil war Zahle reported cut off; 3 killed in car-bombing

BEIRUT, April 13 (Agencies) — The ceasefire that ended Lebanon's latest bout of bloodletting held for the fifth day today with minor violations only, as the country observed the sixth anniversary of its 1975-76 civil war.

However, Syrian troops have closed off the rightist-held eastern Lebanese city of Zahle, which has been under siege for the past 12 days, Beirut press reports said today.

The reports in several newspapers said the Syrians seized control yesterday of the last hilltops held by the right-wing Falangists. The English-language *Middle East Reporter* said it appeared the Falangists had been routed.

But the French-language paper *L'Orient-Le Jour* said rightist forces were still inside the village of Qaa Al-Rim, five kilometres north of Zahle.

The independent *Al Nahar* said the people of Zahle had accepted a three-point Syrian plan which included the clearing of knocked-out vehicles from approaches to the city.

Al Nahar said the plan also provided for Lebanese police and gendarmes to take over security duties inside Zahle while the Syrian forces would maintain control of the approaches, and for Syrian special forces on outlying hills to be replaced by ordinary Syrian units.

The newspaper said that agreement to the plan by the city's governor, clergymen and businessmen had led to a noticeable easing of tension.

Zahle cut off

L'Orient-Le Jour said that the Syrians had now achieved their military objective by cutting militia lines leading to Zahle from the west.

Rightist militia commander Beshr Gemayel yesterday visited his troops in the mountains overlooking the combat zone, some 50 kilometres east of Beirut.

The most serious incident of the day occurred elsewhere, however — a bomb explosion in a parked car near a supermarket in

Shuttle's heat shield OK for landing today

CAPE CANAVERAL, Florida, April 13 (A.P.) — The astronauts of *Columbia*, their rocketship sailing along like a "champ," tested systems today for tomorrow's searing re-entry after super-sensitive photographs indicated the underbelly heat shield remains largely intact — crucial to their survival.

The tiles are needed to protect the reusable shuttle from heat when it comes back to Earth this evening after completing its scheduled 36 orbits in 54½ hours.

On Flight Day Two "everything's working just fine," a mission director said.

Astronauts John Young and Robert Crippen were awakened from a chilly night's sleep in orbit by a country-western tune that celebrated their "mean machine." They then began testing *Columbia* for the dramatic landing that will conclude a mission that thrust the United States back into the space race.

Cabin temperatures overnight hovered around 20 degrees Centigrade, a few degrees below normal, and Mr. Crippen said, "We got about ready to break out the long undies."

war in which 60,000 people died. More than 250 people have died in fighting in Beirut and Zahle this month. Beirut was relatively quiet today, but two shells landed in Zahle and state radio said a sniper wounded its mayor.

In Geneva, the International Red Cross today appealed for more than \$3 million to finance emergency humanitarian aid for Lebanon over the next five months.

Israel to U.N. envoy: If you want peace, tell Syria to pull out

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM, April 13 (Agencies) — Israel told a senior United Nations official today that the only way to stop the fighting in Lebanon was to order the Syrian forces and Palestinian commandos out of the country.

U.N. Undersecretary General Brian Urquhart, who is visiting Israel, Lebanon and Syria in an effort to find a solution to the Lebanese crisis, conferred separately with Prime Minister Menachem Begin and Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir this morning.

"Mr. Urquhart was informed that Israel is convinced that the only way to stop the slaughter of innocent men, women and children in Lebanon was for the U.N. to order the Syrians and Palestinian terrorists out of the country," a spokesman for the prime minister's office told reporters.

"The Syrians and terrorists have been fomenting all the trouble in Lebanon for years and it is time for the U.N. to get rid of them," the spokesman added.

Mr. Urquhart, who is directly responsible for the U.N. peacekeeping force in Lebanon, said after the meeting with Mr. Begin that he had not brought any proposals to end the fighting in Lebanon.

"I came because we are interested to hear Israel's views on how the problems in Lebanon can be approached," Mr. Urquhart said, and added that his discussions with Mr. Begin had been most helpful.

A foreign ministry spokesman said after Mr. Urquhart's meeting with Mr. Shamir: "Both parties agreed it was essential to reach an immediate and effective ceasefire in Lebanon."

Mr. Begin said last night that Israel was not opposed to the idea of setting up a new international force, as proposed by France, to enforce the peace in Lebanon.

"All we are interested in is to end the blood-letting in Lebanon and we will not interfere or oppose a new international force there," he told a public meeting.

"But it should be understood that we will continue to support the Christian minority and will continue to attack Palestinian terrorists there to stop them from raiding Israel," Mr. Begin added.

Simular views were expressed by Deputy Defence Minister Mordechai Zippori.

Mr. Zippori said the effectiveness of any new international force would be greatly reduced

Med-Dead canal is 'blatant aggression' against us--Qasem

By Ahmad Isam Odeh
Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN, April 13 — Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem has affirmed that the Israeli project to open a canal connecting the Mediterranean with the Dead Sea is a "blatant aggression" against Jordan.

Mr. Qasem told the Jordan Times this project has "political, military and demographic impact on all the states in the area, and is part of Israeli attempts to seize the water resources in the occupied Arab areas to feed the settlements constructed around them."

Mr. Qasem revealed that Jordan had conducted "intensive contacts with all the Arab countries and the various international bodies to explain the grave consequences of this project."

In particular, he added, the Israeli scheme was "discussed in an expanded manner with the Iraqi foreign minister (Dr. Sa'doun Hammadi) during his recent visit to Jordan."

Mr. Qasem refuted Israel's claim that the project is an economic one necessitated by its energy needs. "The fact that the proposed canal cuts through the Gaza Strip stresses the Zionist enemy's intention to annex the strip."

"The establishment of a water barrier separating the occupied Arab territories from the rest of the Arab World, or even separating portions of the occupied territories from each other, is in itself proof of Israel's expansionist policies," he added.

Mr. Qasem said Jordan "supports Lebanon's legitimate authorities and their desires." Asked about the Israeli aggression on southern Lebanon, Mr. Qasem said that Israel "is fabricating excuses to justify its continuous aggression which is part of its expansionist philosophy."

Mr. Qasem said the Jordanian government is "continuing its efforts" to release the kidnapped Jordanian charge d'affaires in Beirut, Mr. Hisham Al Moheisen, so that he could return safely to his home and family.

Mr. Moheisen was kidnapped on Feb. 6 from his Beirut apartment by a gang of gunmen. Jordan has accused Syria of responsibility for the abduction.

Iraq, Jordan to boost trade

AMMAN, April 13 (Petra) — Jordan and Iraq have agreed to increase the volume of bilateral trade and Iraq has agreed to a request that the quota of the Jordanian trade centre in Baghdad be raised to JD 10 million this year, Minister of Industry and Trade Walid Asfour announced here today.

He spoke upon returning from a visit to Iraq where he held talks with Iraqi First Vice-Premier Taha Yassin Ramadan and the ministers of transport, industry, agrarian reform and petroleum on boosting economic cooperation between the two countries.

The two sides agreed to encourage and increase the exchange of visits by trade delegations, and Iraq has agreed in principle to participate in several Jordanian industrial schemes, said Mr. Asfour. He added that Iraq and Jordan also agreed on establishing a joint food cannery and industries for manufacturing timber products and agricultural implements.

The two sides agreed to go ahead with a joint microwave project to link the telecommunications of Iraq and Jordan, and decided that technical teams from both countries should meet on April 28 to follow up on the details, Mr. Asfour said.

He added the two sides also set up three committees to supervise bilateral cooperation in trade and agriculture, industry and mining, and transport and communications.

Non-aligned peace team to plan strategy in Algiers

NEW DELHI, April 13 (A.P.) — The four-man peace mission from the Non-aligned Movement, which visited Iraq and Iran last week seeking ways to end the fighting between the two neighbours, will meet soon in Algiers to consider their next move, the Indian member of the team said here today.

External Affairs Minister P.V.N. Rao told reporters at Delhi Airport that the mediators would meet Friday in the Algerian capital and would "work out the basis" for a second trip to Iran and Iraq.

The peace-seeking team returned from Tehran yesterday after four days in Iraq and Iran, and Mr. Rao described the talks with the leaders of the feuding nations as "fruitful and satisfactory."

The Non-aligned mission includes Mr. Rao, foreign ministers Isidoro Malmierca of Cuba and L.K.H. Goma of Zambia, and Palestine Liberation Organisation representative Zuhbi Tarzi. Mr. Malmierca, Mr. Goma and Mr. Tarzi departed from India today for undisclosed destinations.

A spokesman for the Indian government noted later today that the session in Algeria would coincide with a two-day meeting there of the Non-aligned Movement's coordinating bureau. The bureau, composed of the principal Non-aligned nations, will be discussing the question of independence for South-West Africa (Namibia) from South Africa.

Mr. Rao later today briefed Saudi Arabian Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al Faisal on the effort by the Non-aligned peace mission, external affairs ministry spokesman J.N. Dixit said.

U.S. senators in Israel for critique of Saudi arms deals

TEL AVIV, April 13 (R) — A top-ranking Senate delegation arrived today and said it intended to examine Israeli objections to the supply of advanced American arms to Saudi Arabia.

Republican Majority Leader Howard Baker, who heads the delegation, told reporters at Ben-Gurion Airport: "We want to hear ourselves and study Israel's opposition to the sale of U.S. sophisticated weaponry to Saudi Arabia."

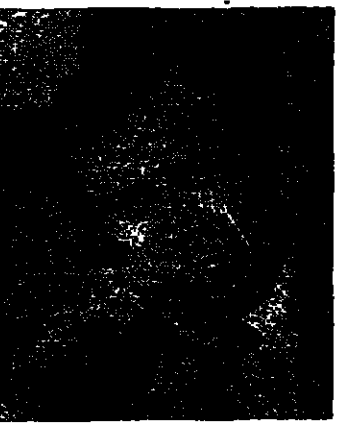
Baker said the delegation will also examine during its two-day visit the possibility of continuing the Middle East peace process. The group, which arrived from Saudi Arabia, was driven to Jerusalem where they will meet Prime Minister Menachem Begin and other Israeli leaders tomorrow.

They will confer today with Deputy Defence Minister Mordechai Zippori and former foreign minister Moshe Dayan. The delegation flew here without expressing a firm view on the Saudi arms package, although one senator said he was inclined to support it at the fact-finding team would be a little more inclined to agree.

The delegation is a little more inclined to agree but it has not yet made up its mind yet. Democratic Sen. Max Baucus told reporters he questioned him on prospects of congressional approval for the deal.



Saudi Prince Sultan



Sen. Howard Baker

But Sen. Baker would only repeat that he had come on the Middle East tour neutral about the proposed arms package. The package, discussed here last week by Secretary of State Alexander Haig, would involve provision by 1985 of five AWACS electronic surveillance planes together with Sidewinder air-to-air missiles and extra fuel tanks to upgrade 62 F-15 fighter planes ordered

PURE NATURAL MINERAL WATER

Kawther

Minimum Order With Delivery

10 CARTONS

PHONE: 23231

NATIONAL

'Guided by the Islamic and Arab ethos' in medicine

EDITOR'S NOTE: Here is the text of Her Majesty Queen Noor's remarks as she opened the joint meeting of the Royal Medical Services and the Arab-American Medical Association on Monday:

ON BEHALF of His Majesty, the Jordanian medical profession and all our countrymen and women, I would like to welcome you to Jordan and extend to you our warmest greetings. We are honored to host this gathering, which in its own way, symbolises much of what our country stands for and aims at.

You represent the highest standards of professionalism and scholarship in American medicine, just as we strive to provide the best possible health care to our citizens and to all other Arab nationals.

We are proud of the standards we have achieved in Jordan, particularly as our progress has been the result of a deliberate process of pan-Arab cooperation.

The financial support of our fellow Arab states has combined with our talented manpower to allow us to attain the level of medical services that you will see in Jordan during your stay — services that always have been and always will be available to any needy patient in the Arab World and beyond.

We are conscious and proud of a heritage in the field of medicine — exemplified by such famous medical scientists as Avicenna, Al Razi and Al Farabi.

As we build our modern medical services on the rich legacy of the past, we are also guided by the humanitarian dictates of our Islamic and Arab ethos, in which the equal provision of social services to all people is a cardinal principle.

This gathering is symbolic of Jordan's historic role as a meeting place of people, ideas and human values.

It is appropriate that you — a few of the tens of thousands of Arab professionals and scientists in the West — should return to Jordan this week to exchange ideas, knowledge and experience with our doctors.

Your achievements in the United States are living testament to your professional excellence, and your ability to distinguish yourselves in a society that was new to many of you.

The contribution of Arab medical research — your contribution — to humanity's accumulated knowledge has become a trans-national phenomenon.

Here in Jordan, at the foundation of all our development goals is emphasis on regional sharing of human and material resources — and we are delighted to host this gathering and extend our mutual efforts further afield.

This is consistent with the oath you have taken as doctors, as it is consistent with Jordan's commitment to enhancing the values that we all share — the pursuit of knowledge, the provision of quality medical services and compassionate care for the human being. This is what binds us and brings us together in Jordan this week.

As Arab-Americans who have attained high professional stature and credibility, you are especially well-placed to appreciate the nature of our development, which is predicated upon the same ideals and principles that inspired the founding fathers of America and which we clearly share with many Americans today.

The ideals of the young America of 1776 are in many ways reflected in our own experiment in modern nationbuilding. The time and the place and the people are perhaps different, but the underlying principle is the same — individual liberty and opportunity in the service of human and social development.

This is what we believe in, this is what we are always trying to foster — this is what we shall always defend with all our capabilities.

I wish you success.

Prime Minister visits municipality

AMMAN, April 13 (Petra) — Prime Minister Mudar Badran today visited Amman Municipality and met with Mayor Isam Ajlouni, who briefed him on the municipality's plans and projects.

Accompanied by the mayor, the prime minister then made a tour of several project sites, including those for developing the northern approaches to Amman, the main street leading to Al Hashimi district and the New Yarmouk road.

They afterwards called at the insect and rodent control department and were briefed on measures being taken to eliminate the pests. Mr. Badran expressed satisfaction with steps taken in this respect.

Later, they made inspection vis-

its to Al Hashimi district and the slaughterhouse, and also called at the directorate of studies and research, where they looked into plans for the organisation of parking areas in the capital and for developing archaeological sites in the Amman area.

At the municipality's department of public works, the prime minister chaired a meeting of officials who briefed him on road construction and maintenance schemes in Amman.

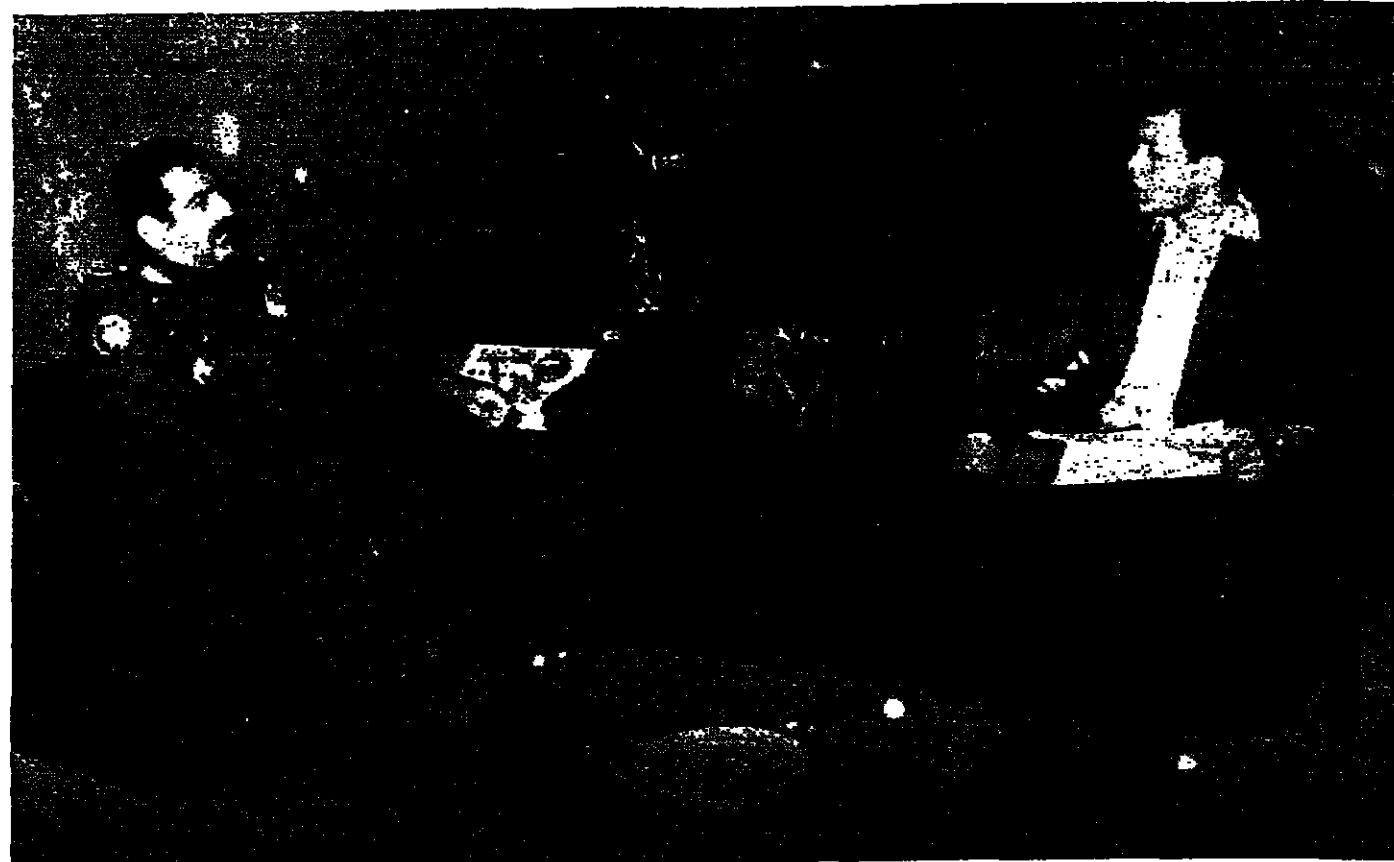


Prime Minister Mudar Badran gestures on a visit to an Amman Municipality road development site with Mayor Isam Ajlouni.



Mayor Ajlouni explains downtown development plans to Mr. Badran.

Prince Abdullah visits army HQ



AMMAN, April 13 (J.T.) — His Highness Prince Abdullah, eldest son of His Majesty King Hussein, today paid a visit to Jordanian army headquarters. He met with top army officers and reviewed with them Jordan's military facilities and state of preparedness.

Above, Prince Abdullah is shown meeting with army chief of Maj. Gen. Abdul Hadi Al Majall. Prince Abdullah recently returned to Jordan from England, where he graduated from the Thurst Military Academy on April 10.

NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS

KARAK, April 13 (J.T.) — The public safety committee here today made inspection visits to a number of houses and buildings with structural damage, and ordered the evacuation of three families from them. The committee also warned residents not to use a flight of stairs in another building. Last month several families were evacuated from buildings in the main street of the city following the appearance of wide cracks in their walls which later led to the collapse of one of buildings.

IRBID, April 13 (Petra) — The Irbid electricity company has embarked on a JD 40,000 project for the electrification of Deir Al Sa'neh village in Irbid Governorate. A company spokesman said that the project entails the construction of a power network, a transformer station and the laying 700 metres of cables and wires. The project is expected to be completed in the coming two months, he said.

AMMAN, April 13 (Petra) — Municipal councils will be set up in the towns of Umm Qseir, Muqablein, Beit Yaffa, Tla' Al Ali, Al Arhaba, Sal, Inbeh, Katem, Marj Al Hammam and southern Umm Al Summaq, according to a decision taken by Minister of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment, Hassan Al Momani. He said that arrangements will be made to appoint council members for one year terms, after which elections will be held. It was also announced here today that Mr. Momani will pay visits to the municipal councils of Sukhneh, Ruseifa, Al Hashimiyeh, Al Duleil and Al Khalidiyeh tomorrow. He will discuss with their mayors and council members the general conditions and public services in their areas, and the councils' future programmes.

AMMAN, April 13 (Petra) — A visiting delegation representing the national people's council of Somalia called at the University of Jordan today and met with its president, Dr. Abdul Salam Al Majali. The delegation's members were briefed on the university's development and programmes. They also toured various faculties and looked into teaching methods.

WHAT'S GOING ON

Exhibitions

Under the patronage of Her Highness Princess Alia, the Franco-Jordanian Friendship Association, in cooperation with the Ministry of Tourism and Antiquities, presents an exhibition of "Tapestries of Madaba and the Handicraft Industry of Jordan". The opening ceremony is at 5:30 p.m., at the French Cultural Centre in Jabal Luweibdeh.

The Spanish Embassy presents an exhibition of Spanish Paintings depicting the fountains in the public squares of Madrid. The exhibition is open to the public at Yarmouk University in Irbid.

Films

The British Council, repeating the "Age of Shakespeare" programme, which was presented last month, presents "England of Elizabeth" and "Spectacular Britain", at 7 p.m. at the council in Jabal Amman.

Lecture

The Soviet Cultural Centre presents a lecture on "The Foreign Policy of the Soviet Union", by the Soviet Ambassador. The lecture will be given at 6:30 p.m. at the centre, near Third Circle in Jabal Amman.

Videotape Programme

The American Centre has received a videotape summary of CBS Television news for the week ending April 3. Most of the tape is devoted to coverage of the attempt on President Reagan's life and the subsequent events. The public is invited to view the hour-long tape in the American Centre's auditorium, at noon and 4 p.m.

SECRETARY REQUIRED

International company requires experienced full-time secretary. Must be able to work on own initiative. Good shorthand and typing speed essential. No Arabic required. 5½ day week.

For more details, please ring Christine or Margaret

on Tel. 38380 or 38389

ALECSO meeting discusses Arab scientific cooperation

AMMAN, April 13 (Petra) — The Arab League Educational, Cultural and Scientific Organisation's (ALECSO) advisory committee on science, which ended its meetings in Tunis on Saturday, discussed means of transferring technology to the Arab World and the integration of Arab scientific plans, among several other subjects, the director of the Royal Scientific Society (RSS), Dr. Albert Butros, said today.

Speaking upon returning here from the meeting of the 11-member committee, Dr. Butros said that the participants also discussed means of supporting the

work of scientific research in the Arab World; means of conserving natural resources; monitoring and finding ways of curbing pollution; energy water problems, and ways of dealing with the encroachment of deserts on arable land.

During his week-long in the committee also discussed ALECSO's plan of action and technology for 1983. Dr. Butros said.

During his stay in Tunis Butros said he met ALECSO's director to discuss joint scientific projects by the RSS and the Arab League.

Housing Corporation civil servants' quarter

AMMAN, April 13 (Petra) — The Housing Corporation has plans to construct low-cost housing units for civil servants and has embarked on the construction of some of them, the corporation's director general, Mr. Hamadallah Al Nabulsi said today.

Mr. Nabulsi said that government employees in various parts of the country can pay for these units by monthly instalments. If the payments continue uninterrupted for five to 10 years, the employees can lay claim to the units, but must continue paying for some time in order to make up the full cost. An employee who wants to buy a flat must also continue to work for his government department, Mr. Nabulsi said.

Talhouni meets Sanjeeva Reddy

NEW DELHI, April 13 (Petra) — Indian President N. Sanjeeva Reddy received here today the visiting speaker of the Jordanian Upper House of Parliament, Mr. Bahjat Talhouni and his delegation.

During the meeting they reviewed Indian-Jordanian relations, current Middle East affairs, the Palestine problem and the current Iraq-Iran war, and Jordan's stand with regard to that war.

Mr. Reddy emphasised the need further to boost relations between India and Jordan.

2 old bombs found in valley

AMMAN, April 13 (J.T.) — A 55-year-old shepherd reported to the police yesterday that he had found two old bombs in a valley. They were found to be rusted mortar shells, which the police promptly defused. No other shells were found.

Phone service expansion plan in Mafrqa are

MAFRAQ, April 13 (Petra) — The Telecommunications Corporation (TCC) has started implementing a project to telephone services in rural Mafrqa District, Minister of Communications Mohan Addoub Al Zaben announced today.

He said that when complete the project will provide 10 and the surrounding villages, an automatic telephone service and 1,500 telephone lines will be installed in Mafrqa alone.

The minister was speaking during a tour of Mafrqa District where he met with local post and municipal officials, and representatives of villages in the district. The minister opened a postal office in Mafrqa and toured the villages of Ma' Rahab, Mudawwar, Mansh Bani Hassan, Thaghat Al Jif Al Khalidiyeh, where explained plans for expanding telephone service in these areas.

AMMAN STOCK EXCHANGE REPORT

Name of Company	Par Value	Number Traded	High	Low	Closing Price
Islamic Bank 50%	JD 1.000	6,907	1.660	1.660	1.660
Jordan-Kuwait Bank	JD 1.000	1,578	2.240	2.240	2.240
Jordan-Gulf Bank	JD 1.000	3,492	1.520	1.510	1.520
Housing Bank	JD 1.000	3,690	2.180	2.150	2.180
Arab Investment Bank	JD 1.000	1,600	1.600	1.600	1.600
Real Estate Financial Foundation (Refco)	JD 2.000	50	12.010	12.010	12.010
Jordan National Bank	JD 5.000	65	16.500	16.500	16.500
Cairo Amman Bank	JD 5.000	1,300	14.200	14.000	14.120
Arab Financial Foundation (Jordan)	JD 10.000	65	13.950	13.900	13.950
General Insurance Co.	JD 1.000	1,056	1.540	1.530	1.530
Al-Quds Insurance Co.	JD 1.000	267	6.650	6.650	6.650
Arabian Seas Insurance Co.	JD 5.000	1,230	10.700	10.550	10.700
Jordan Electricity Co.	JD 1.000	6,650	2.070	2.060	2.070
Arab International Hotels Co.	JD 1.000	1,800	0.940	0.930	0.940
Arabian Investment and International Trading Co.	JD 1.000	8,629	1.150	1.150	1.150
International Contracting and Investments Co.	JD 1.000	30,005	0.850	0.850	0.850
Dar Al Sha'b Press, Publications and Distribution	JD 1.000	3,950	0.990	0.980	0.980
Arab Development and Investments Co.	JD 2.000	100	1.710	1.710	1.710
Jordan Dairy Co.	JD 1.000	4,382	1.240	1.220	1.240
General Mining Co.	JD 1.000	795	1.730	1.730	1.730
Arab Aluminium Industries Co.	JD 1.000	5,715	1.290	1.280	1.280
Industrial, Commercial, and Agricultural Co.	JD 1.000	8,780	3.700	3.680	3.690
Arab Chemical Detergents Industries Co.	JD 1.000	1,250	3.930	3.920	3.920
National Steel Industries	JD 1.000	2,700	1.980	1.970	1.980
Dar Al Dawa' Development and Investment Co.	JD 1.000	700	3.320	3.320	3.320
Jordan Ceramics Industries Co.	JD 1.000	7,367	1.070	1.070	1.070
Jordan Paper and Cardboard Factories Co.	JD 1.000	2,000	1.620	1.580	1.620
Jordan Lime and Silicate Brick Industries Co.	JD 5.000	4,515	5.730	5.700	5.700
Jordan Tobacco and Cigarettes Co.	JD 5.000	114	9.600	9.500	9.600
Woolen Industries Co.	JD 5.000	10	4.800	4.800	4.800
Arab Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Co.	JD 5.000	1,116	29.450	29.250	29.450
Jordan Petroleum Refinery Co.	JD 5.000	868	8.430	8.420	8.430
Jordan Cement Factories Co.	JD 10.000	292	18.550	18.550	18.550

Total volume of shares traded on Monday, April 13, 1981: JD 261,575

Total number of shares traded: 113,038

Government Development Bonds

Year of Maturity	Par Value	Number Traded	Volume Traded	High	Low
1990 8¼%	JD 10.000	72	723	10.050	10.050
1989 8¼%	JD 10.000	1,477	14,770	10.000	10.000

UNFINISHED VILLA FOR SALE

In Shmeisani
Tel: 60000 ext. 163

FOR SALE

Second-hand office furniture: Office partition; steel desks; wooden drawing boards, and other miscellaneous items.

Contact Wafa Alul
Telephone: 37003

TURKEY FOR EASTER

Treat your family to the traditional feast available fresh and oven-ready from your supermarket.

Farm enquiries: Tel. 77925, 67257

FOR SALE

1980 Suzuki jeep - 4 WD - 9,000 km. Excellent condition.

Tel. 44390

SECRETARY REQUIRED

International company requires experienced full-time secretary. Must be able to work on own initiative. Good shorthand and typing speed essential. No Arabic required. 5½ day week.

For more details, please ring Christine or Margaret

on Tel. 38380 or 38389

CARS FOR SALE

In a good condition: R 12, 1975 model R 12 station, 1976 model Vega 1976 model. Prices: JD 1,000 each

Please call: Tel. 44932

FURNISHED FLATS TO LET

Well-furnished, centrally heated flats, of two bedrooms, sitting room, kitchen, bathroom, balconies; With color TV, carpets, fridge, utensils, and stove. Located near the Fifth Circle.

Tel. 43768

Handwritten signature or note at the bottom of the page.

OPINION

Jordan Times

Responsible Editor: **MOHAMMAD AMAD**
 Board of Directors: **JUMA' A. HAMMAD**, **NAJA ELISSA**, **MOHAMMAD AMAD**, **MAHMOUD AL-SAYED**
 Editor: **WAMI G. KHOURI**
 Managing Editor: **MAAZ D. SHUKAYR**
 Editorial and advertising offices: **JORDAN PRESS FOUNDATION**, University Road, P.O. Box 6716, Amman, Jordan.
 Telephone: 671712-3-4
 Telex: 21497 AIRAJ JO. Cable: JORTIMES, Amman, Jordan.
 The Jordan Times is published daily except on public holidays and subscription rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

ARAB PRESS COMMENT

AL RA'I: Although we firmly believe that Arab efforts should now be concentrated on ways to keep Lebanon from falling into the trap of internationalisation, we cannot overlook the fact that those who entered Lebanon under the pretext of protecting it and restoring law and order are the same people who have now paved the way for disaster there. This has given the big powers an excuse to pounce on Lebanon and achieve their ambitions in it.

While France finds in what it calls its "special relationship" with Lebanon a justification for talking about an international solution of the Lebanese crisis, the United States will find in this solution a practical opportunity to prove to the Arab states that the Arab-Israeli dispute is not the primary source of danger to the Arabs.

AL DUSTOUR: It is strange that the French foreign minister and the U.S. secretary of state should make preliminary contacts and call for the dispatch of military forces to Lebanon without the knowledge of Lebanon or the Arabs and without consulting them, as if Lebanon were an American or a French state. It is also strange that France and the United States, and the states colluding with them, should give themselves the right to interfere between the state of Lebanon and some of its nationals, and between the Arab Deterrent Forces and those opposing Lebanon's unity, security and Arab character.

It is time for the Arab League to act firmly by taking the initiative to stop all international conspiracies going under the guise of attempts to protect Lebanon and its people. It should give the legitimate Lebanese authorities the power to cut the hands which try to harm Lebanon's unity, and prevent the creation of sectarian states in the Arab lands surrounding Israel.

GUEST COMMENTARY

By Sheikh Abdul Hamid Al Sayid

Arab no's and Israeli no's

In the aftermath of the crushing defeat of the Arabs in 1967, the Khartoum summit conference, held under very difficult circumstances for the Arab Nation, adopted the three no-legendary no's:

1. no recognition of Israel,
2. no negotiations with the Zionist enemy, and
3. no peace settlement with Israel.

The Israeli no's have been included in the programme of the Labour Party, which is preparing itself to assume power in the Zionist state after next June's elections. What is amazing is that certain Arabs are anxiously awaiting the

Labour Party's return to power. Some of them are even pinning great hopes on this party. Meanwhile, the United States is encouraging this trend, administering drug injections to make people believe that the Labour Party can produce miracles. This has reached the point which made Mr. Olof Palme, the special envoy of U.N. Secretary General Kurt Waldheim, tell the Beirut newspaper *An Nahar* that the only hope for any development in the Middle East situation is a change in the Israeli government. Nevertheless, the Israeli Labour Party has revealed to the world that its election campaign is based on four no's:

1. no to the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO).
2. no to an independent Palestinian state.
3. no to relinquishing Jerusalem as the eternal capital of Israel.
4. no to return to the June 4, 1967 borders.

The Arabs have continued to adhere to their no's. No one had dared to violate them, until Sadat, acting like a criminal with indifference, broke these no's. He negotiated with, recognised and made peace with Israel. Therefore, the Khartoum no's no longer mean anything in Sadat's framework. However, the rest of the Arabs have agreed to regard him as a violator of Arab unanimity and consequently unworthy of being an honest, faithful Arab. The Arabs continue to regard Sadat's action as a strong stab to our cause and a blatant assault on the rights of our nation, which can neither be tolerated nor dealt with unfirmly. Anyone who follows the steps of Sadat will be condemned like him. The Arabs have repeatedly emphasised this, the last time being at the 11th Arab summit conference held in Amman. This was also confirmed by the Islamic summit conference in Ta'if. Commitment to this line has become binding, except for those who accept for themselves to deviate from Arab unanimity and violate the decision of the one group. The Prophet says: "God is with the group. Follow the majority. The one who deviates will suffer in hellfire."

The Israeli no's have become a strategic programme for a party viewed as less dangerous than the ruling Likud Party, although the two parties are actually equal in guilt and aggression. There is no difference between their "hawks" and "doves", because their design is to destroy us, to evacuate the area from our men and young people and to seize our homeland.

All this should prompt us back to our no's and adhere them and make our preparatory without any hesitation, for a sive Arab position. This should be based on a strategy which we should utilise as weapons, capabilities resources. We should have the right to weigh the dangers of tation and capitulation, as it affect our cause and future should take the practical and initiative which is capable of raising the consequence Sadat's actions before it is too late. If we act belatedly, it will be use; we will be only raising voices for help, but finding no help to us.

Every one of the Israeli no's destructive to our Arab state contradictory to our pan-Arab commitments, and a stab in the very heart of all present and future Arab interests. Therefore, we hope on any Israeli party may come to power is like pin hope on a desert mirage. The peace initiatives currently mooted, whether European non-European, are motivated by two factors, none of which is in Arab interest. They are motivated by:

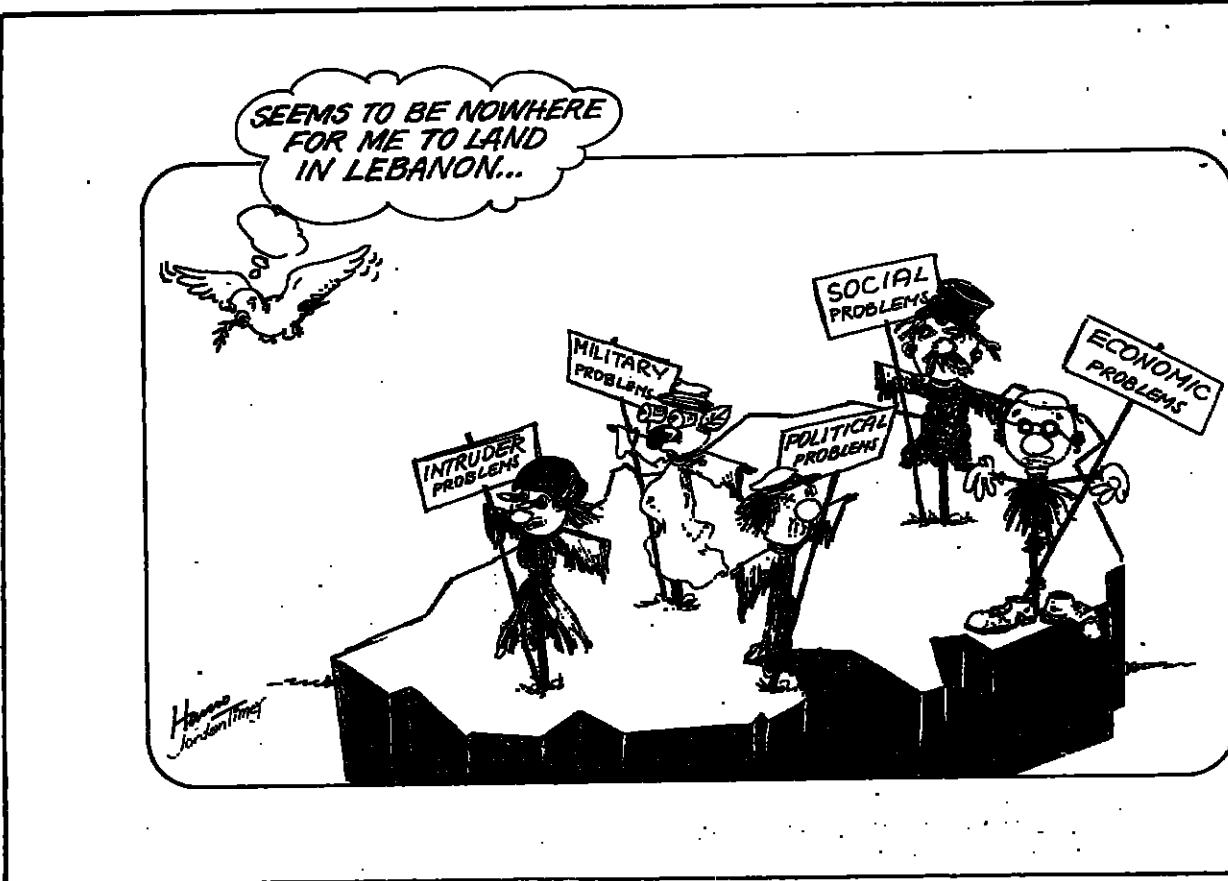
1. The self-interest of those warding the initiative.
2. The Torah rationale wants to achieve Israel's and ambitions.

After that the question is posed in a peripheral manner as the Arabs are concerned.

Those who are forwarding initiatives are acting in the guise of compassion, kindness and charity by the feeling that it should be regained and injustice should be eliminated. There we must have genuine feelings, sense the real danger. And if why we should adopt the decision, firm stand which I have lined.

One more time

THE MEETINGS of the Palestinian National Council (PNC) in Damascus this week -- if history is any guide at all -- will probably provide yet another opportunity for more misunderstanding, crossed signals and confusion in the ongoing non-dialogue between the Arabs and the West. No single other element in the Arab World seems to cause our friends in the West more exasperation than what they see as the vague, diffuse and hydra-headed politics and statements of the Palestinian national movement. This is an obstacle that need not be, because the Palestinian National Congress -- as the ultimate, decision-making authority of the Palestinian people -- has moved in a clear if gradual course during the past ten years to a point where it has unambiguously stated its willingness in principle to negotiate peace with Israel based on reciprocity, including, notably, statehood for the Palestinians, an honourable deal for the 1948 Palestinian refugees based on United Nations General Assembly resolutions and security guarantees for all states in the area. Our Western friends who look to the PNC to change its charter are playing silly, diversionary games that betray their own inability to deal forcefully with the Palestinian people's just claims. Those who have made the effort to read the PNC's resolutions during the past decade -- and who have the composure and independence of mind to think through what they read -- should realise that the Palestinians have long been ready to talk peace and establish a state among others in the Middle East. This will be repeated once more in Damascus this week, and we hope this time around the Palestinians are not misunderstood yet again.



JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE

JORDAN TELEVISION

CHANNEL 3

5:30 Koran
 5:45 Cartoons
 6:20 Dr. Who
 6:45 Young and Restless
 7:10 Programme Preview
 7:25 Programme on Health
 8:00 News in Arabic
 8:30 Arabic Series
 9:30 Local Programme
 10:15 Arabic series
 11:15 Dallas

CHANNEL 6

6:00 French programme
 7:00 News in French
 7:20 Sports News
 7:30 News in Hebrew
 8:00 News in Arabic
 8:30 Comedy: House Calls
 9:10 Fantasy Island
 10:00 News in English
 10:15 Documentary
 11:15 Dallas

RADIO JORDAN

855 KHz AM & 99 MHz FM

7:00 Sign on
 7:01 Morning Show
 7:30 News Bulletin
 7:40 Morning Show
 10:00 News Headlines
 10:30 Pop Session
 11:00 Sign off
 12:00 News Headlines
 12:03 Pop Session
 13:00 News Summary
 13:03 Pop Session
 14:00 News Bulletin
 14:10 Instrumentals
 14:30 Melody Time
 15:00 Concert Hour
 16:00 News Summary
 16:03 Instrumentals
 16:30 Old Favourites
 17:00 Now Music
 17:30 Pop Session
 18:00 News Summary
 18:03 First Spin
 18:30 Top Twenty
 19:00 News Desk
 19:30 Music
 20:00 Evening Show
 21:00 News Summary
 21:03 Evening Show
 22:00 Close down

BBC WORLD SERVICE

639, 720, 1413 KHz

GMT
 04:00 Newscast: 04:30 Arja 04:45
 05:00 World News 04:55 Reflections
 05:00 World News 04:55 News Summary 05:30 Intermzzo 05:45
 The World Today 06:00 Newscast
 06:30 Sarah and Company 07:00
 World News: 24 Hours News Summary 07:30 Divertimento

07:45 Network U.K. 08:00 World News: Reflections 08:15 Europa 08:30 Baker's Half-Dozen 09:00 World News: British Press Review 09:15 The World Today 09:30 Financial News 09:40 Look Ahead 09:45 The English Minute 10:00 Discovery 10:30 John Peel 11:00 World News: News about Britain 11:15 Letter from London 11:25 Scotland This Week 11:30 Sports International 12:00 Radio Newsreel 12:15 Famous Opera Houses 12:45 Sports Round-up 13:00 World News: 24 Hours News Summary 13:30 Network U.K. 13:45 A Jolly Good Show 14:30 With Great Pleasure: Diana Rigg 15:00 Radio Newsreel 15:15 Outlook 16:00 World News: Comments 16:15 Baker's Half-Dozen 16:45 The World Today 17:00 World News: Scotland This Week 17:15 My World 17:45 Sports Round-up 18:00 World News: News about Britain 18:15 Radio Newsreel 18:30 Nature Notebook 18:40 Farming World 19:00 Outlook: News Summary 19:30 Stock Market Report 19:43 Look Ahead 19:45 Classical Record Review 20:00 World News: 24 Hours News Summary 20:30 Words Made Flesh 20:45 With Great Pleasure 21:15 The Pleasure's Yours 22:00 World News: The World Today 22:25 Scotland This Week 22:30 Financial News: 22:40 Reflections 22:45 Sports Round-up 23:00 World News: Commentary 23:15 Classical Record Review 23:30 Brain of Britain 1981

VOICE OF AMERICA

GMT
 03:30 The Breakfast Show: 06:30 News, Pop music, features, listeners' questions, 17:00 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analyses, 17:30 Dateline 18:00 Special English: news, feature "The Making of a Nation", 18:30 Now Music USA 19:00 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analyses, 19:30 VOA Magazine: Americana, science, culture, letters, 20:00 Special English: news 20:15 Music USA (Jazz) 21:00 VOA World Report 22:00 News, Correspondents' reports, background features, media comments, analyses.

AMMAN AIRPORT

ARRIVALS

7:40 Cairo (EA)
 8:30 Jeddah
 8:55 Aqaba
 9:15 Kuwait
 9:30 Dubai, Abu Dhabi
 9:40 Dhahran
 9:55 Beirut
 11:05 Riyadh, Dhahran (SV)
 15:30 Kuwait (KAC)
 16:15 Cairo
 16:15 Copenhagen, Athens (SK)

17:10 Madrid, Athens
 17:15 New York, Amsterdam
 17:25 London (BA)
 17:30 Amsterdam, Athens (KLM)
 17:30 Paris (AF)
 17:30 Paris
 17:45 Cairo
 18:00 London
 18:10 Cairo (EA)
 18:45 Rome
 18:45 Paris, Beirut (AF)
 19:00 Cairo
 19:05 Frankfurt, Damascus (LH)
 19:55 Frankfurt
 20:00 Beirut (MEA)
 23:59 Baghdad
 01:00 Cairo
 01:00 Baghdad

DEPARTURES:

7:00 Aqaba
 7:00 Beirut
 8:55 Cairo (EA)
 9:25 Beirut (MEA)
 10:00 Frankfurt
 10:15 Rome
 11:00 Vienna, New York, Houston
 11:00 Cairo
 11:15 Athens, Copenhagen
 11:45 Geneva, Brussels
 12:05 Riyadh, Dhahran (SV)
 12:30 Cairo
 14:00 Kuwait (KAC)
 16:30 Kuwait
 19:30 Cairo (EA)
 20:00 Cairo
 20:00 Baghdad
 20:30 Abu Dhabi, Bangkok
 20:30 Jeddah
 21:00 Baghdad
 21:15 Dubai, Muscat

EMERGENCIES

DOCTORS:
 Amman:
 Dr. Nabli Muradki 238/38356 /65898
 Muhammad Khaleel 56294/55814
 Zarqa:
 Khaleel Abu Hussein Zarqa Camp
 Irbid:
 Muhammad Turani 3711

PHARMACIES:
 Amman:
 Nairoukh 23672
 Al-Salam 36730
 Faiz 61627
 Raghdan 24771
 Yarmouk (-)

Zarqa:
 Jayyousi (-)

Irbid:
 Shadi (-)

TAXIS:
 Firas 23427
 Basman 23050
 Al-Urdon 56736
 Mithyar 44874
 Al Sabah 76748

CULTURAL CENTRES

American Centre 41520
 British Council 36147-8
 French Cultural Centre 37009
 Soviet Cultural Centre 41993
 Turkish Cultural Centre 39777
 Haya-Arts Centre 65195
 Y.W.C.A. 67181
 Amman Municipal Library 36111
 University of Jordan Library 84355/84366

SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Grand Palace Hotel, 1.30 p.m.
 Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 1.30 p.m.
 Rotary Club. Meetings every Thursday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 7.00 p.m.
 Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn, 1.30 p.m.

MUSEUMS

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 23316
 Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169
 Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al-Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. - 4.00 p.m.). Closed on Tuesdays. Tel. 30128
 Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6.00 p.m. Closed on Tuesdays.

PRAYER TIMES

Fajr 3:36
 Sunrise 5:08
 Dhuhr 11:39
 'Asr 3:15
 Maghreb 6:10
 'Isha 7:27

LOCAL EXCHANGE

RATES

Saudi riyal 97.2/97.4
 Lebanese pound 80.5/81.1
 Syrian pound 52.6/53.2
 Iraqi dinar 740/746.6
 Kuwaiti dinar 1180/1185
 Egyptian pound 390/387
 Qatari riyal 89.2/89.5
 UAE dirham 88.6/89
 Omani riyal 940.6/945
 U.S. dollar 326/327
 U.K. sterling 706.9/711.1
 W. German mark 150.4/151.3
 Swiss franc 165.3/166.3
 Italian lire 30.2/30.4
 French franc 63.8/64.2
 Dutch guilder 135.8/136.6
 Swedish crown 69.6/70
 Belgian franc 91.7/92.3
 Japanese yen 150.9/151.8
 (for every 100)

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Ambulance (government) 75111
 Civil Defence rescue 61111
 Jordan Electric Power Co. (emergency) 36381-2
 Municipal water service (emergency) 37111-3
 Police headquarters 39141
 Najdeh roving patrol rescue police: (English spoken) 24 hours a day for emergency 21111, 37777
 Airport information (ALIA) 92205/92206
 Jordan Television 73111
 Radio Jordan 74111

Firstaid, fire, police 199
 Fire headquarters 22090
 Cablegramme or telegramme 18

Telephone:

Information 12
 Jordan and Middle East trunk calls 10
 Overseas radio and satellite calls 17
 Telephone maintenance and repair service 11

MARKET PRICES

Tomatoes 270	170	Carrots 90	70
Eggplant 230	150	Turnips 70	70
Potatoes (imported) 130	100	Bananas 270	200
Police (small) 180	130	Bananas (from makhmar) 235	160
Marrow (large) 100	70	Dates 340	340
Cucumber (small) 230	180	Apples (American, Japanese red, waxed) 450	450
Cucumber (large) 120	90	Apples (Double Red) 260	200
Peas 280	280	Apples (Starken) 180	140
String beans 340	250	Apples (Golden) 230	160
Potatoes (local) 140	100	Oranges (Shammouti) 200	150
Onions (dry) 50	30	Oranges (Valencia) 140	100
Lettuce (head) 220	160	Oranges (Waxed) 170	170
Cauliflower 550	550	Grapefruit 90	70
Bell pepper 70	50	Lemon 230	170
Cabbage 160	120	Cocunut (apiece) 200	200
Spinach 125	100	Water Melons 230	230
Onions (green) 150	100		
Garlic 150	150		

FORECAST FOR TUESDAY, APR. 14, 1981

YOUR DAILY Horoscope

from the Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: The morning is fine for deciding just what your overall ambitions are and to implement them by constructive action. Strive to bring more efficiency into your life.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Don't neglect to pay important bills. A co-worker could pose a problem at this time. Maintain your poise.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Try to compromise more with an associate who does not agree with you. Plan how to gain your finest aims.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) You find it hard to put across ideas in the morning but later all changes for the better. Don't spend money foolishly now.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Ideal day to confer with associates and express your views. Figure out what obstacles you have to overcome.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Morning is fine for handling financial matters. Try to meet expectations of family members and increase harmony at home.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Schedule your activities wisely so that everything will go smoothly later. Sidestep one who has an eye on your assets.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) State your plans to loyal friends and they will quickly cooperate with you in gaining them. Show more generosity.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Express some hidden talents you have and make a fine impression on others. Take no risks in motion.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) You will have to exert more effort in business matters to gain your cherished goals. Think constructively.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Not the right time to engage in a new course of action. Show that you are wise. Relax at home tonight.

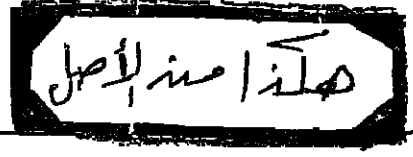
AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Be more cooperative with associates for mutual gain. Handle a responsibility that has been worrying you.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Talk with a partner so that you can accomplish more in your line of endeavor. Stop wasting precious time.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY... he or she will be one who will like to make changes of a creative nature and upon growing up will have a pretty good idea of what it takes to be successful. Give good ethical training and teach good health habits.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

Handwritten signature or mark.



MIDDLE EAST

In an address to PNC PLO denounces U.S. policies

MASCUS, April 13 (R) — Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) has denounced American Middle East policies called for closer ties with Zionist and Western European countries.

Mr. Kaddoumi also urged a better relationship with Western Europe although he said that any new European initiative on the Middle East would not appear soon.

The European Common Market (EEC) launched its initiative, calling for PLO participation in the peace process, at a summit in Venice last June, but few details have been announced. Mr. Kaddoumi said that if it was going to succeed it should steer clear of American domination.

Mr. Kaddoumi's report was certain to be well-received by the Soviet Union, whose chief delegate to the session yesterday pledged Kremlin support for the Palestinians "in their struggle against American imperialism and Zionism."

Mr. Kaddoumi held the Lebanese authorities responsible for the current fighting in Lebanon between rightist militiamen and Syrian peacekeeping troops.

He said that despite divisions in Arab ranks, the PLO had avoided serious decline since the last PNC session in 1979.

There had been 262 operations in Israeli-occupied territory over the period which had killed or wounded 154 Israeli settlers and destroyed many military and civilian buildings, he said.

Political dialogue between the PLO and Jordan had reached an impasse, but a joint committee offering financial aid to Palestinians on the West Bank and Gaza Strip was still functioning.

Mr. Kaddoumi deplored the tension between Syria and Iraq, and the war between Iraq and Iran, which he said distracted attention from the struggle against Israel.

Union, and called for "an international front that would face the open challenge of the new (U.S.) administration."

Mr. Kaddoumi also urged a better relationship with Western Europe although he said that any new European initiative on the Middle East would not appear soon.

The European Common Market (EEC) launched its initiative, calling for PLO participation in the peace process, at a summit in Venice last June, but few details have been announced. Mr. Kaddoumi said that if it was going to succeed it should steer clear of American domination.

Mr. Kaddoumi's report was certain to be well-received by the Soviet Union, whose chief delegate to the session yesterday pledged Kremlin support for the Palestinians "in their struggle against American imperialism and Zionism."

Mr. Kaddoumi held the Lebanese authorities responsible for the current fighting in Lebanon between rightist militiamen and Syrian peacekeeping troops.

He said that despite divisions in Arab ranks, the PLO had avoided serious decline since the last PNC session in 1979.

There had been 262 operations in Israeli-occupied territory over the period which had killed or wounded 154 Israeli settlers and destroyed many military and civilian buildings, he said.

Political dialogue between the PLO and Jordan had reached an impasse, but a joint committee offering financial aid to Palestinians on the West Bank and Gaza Strip was still functioning.

Mr. Kaddoumi deplored the tension between Syria and Iraq, and the war between Iraq and Iran, which he said distracted attention from the struggle against Israel.

'Perhaps we took old friends too much for granted' Thatcher in India heading to Gulf

LONDON, April 13 (R) — Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher leaves for India tomorrow and will then become the first serving British Prime Minister to visit the Gulf.

One of her priorities will be to explain to Arab leaders details of a possible Anglo-American Rapid Deployment Force (RDF), about which some Gulf states have shown anxiety.

In India, where she arrives on Wednesday, she may face demonstrations against her government's nationality bill, now before parliament, which ethnic groups here have said discriminates against Britain's 1.9 million blacks and Asians.

A spokesman said she is expected to emphasise British support for the European Common Market initiative to promote a new search for a Middle East peace settlement in which the Palestine Liberation Organisation would eventually be involved.

During her visit to India, Mrs. Thatcher is likely to face tough questioning from Prime Minister Indira Gandhi and other politicians about Britain's new nationality bill.

Last week some 10,000 people, mainly blacks and Asians,

marched through London protesting about the bill, which creates three new categories of citizenship, only one of which carries automatic right to live in the United Kingdom.

In a radio interview last week, Mrs. Thatcher denied the bill was racist. "We are doing it not in relation to any racial doctrine at all, but in relation to the people who are here. So that's not racial and we would deny that it is racial," she said.

Mrs. Thatcher will address Indian members of parliament on

Thursday evening. Informed sources said her speech will touch on Britain's Asian community, which amounts to some 500,000, and possibly on the nationality bill.

On Wednesday she will have talks with Mrs. Gandhi and other senior ministers. A spokesman here said their talks are expected to cover world affairs, including Afghanistan and the Middle East, as well as bilateral relations.

India is a big export market for Britain, and is also the largest single recipient of British aid.

MIDDLE EAST BRIEFS

Arabic speaking British ambassador to retire and leave Israel

TEL AVIV, April 13 (A.P.) — Britain's ambassador to Israel, Mr. John Robinson, will retire from the foreign service after Israel's national elections this June, a British embassy spokesman said today. The spokesman said Mr. Robinson, 55, had wanted to retire for personal reasons even before reaching Israel less than a year ago. He said that one of Britain's belt-tightening economic policies was to encourage at least 15 senior foreign service officers to take early retirement this year. The London *Observer* wrote this week of "Mr. Robinson's diplomatic career reaching a sudden and surprising end." Mr. Robinson, who was stationed in Algeria for a long period, speaks fluent Arabic and is known to harbour pro-Arab sentiments that set him at odds with Israeli officials on certain occasions. The English-language *Jerusalem Post* quoted diplomatic sources as saying that "Mr. Robinson could have made his work easier if he had not been so undiplomatic in showing his pro-Arab sentiments in the Israel-Arab conflict." The paper quoted a West European envoy as saying that "Mr. Robinson almost completely isolated himself from Israeli Jews, while cultivating Arab contacts."

Iranian deputies push to lift ban on leading daily

TEHRAN, April 13 (R) — A group of 28 Majlis (parliament) deputies today urged the prosecutor-general to lift a ban on the liberal newspaper *Mizan* (scales of justice), the official Pars news agency reported. Pars carried a letter signed by the parliamentarians and addressed to Ayatollah Mousavi Ardabili demanding explanations by the prosecutor for the ban which silenced the paper last week. The deputies, who are supporters of President Abol Hassan Bani-Sadr, called the closure illegal and said it violated the country's press law. *Mizan*, one of the two major newspapers not controlled by the ruling clergy, ceased appearing on news stands after the arrest of its managing-editor, former commerce minister Reza Sadr. Mr. Sadr was accused of libel, slander, disturbing national security and printing false and provocative articles. He is still being held in the Qasr prison.

U.A.E. approves '81 budget

NICOSIA, April 13 (A.P.) — The United Arab Emirates cabinet has approved a 24 billion dirham (\$6.6 billion) state budget for the 1981 fiscal year, the Gulf news agency reported. No specific allocations were given. Most of the budget revenue is expected to come from crude oil exports. U.A.E.'s income from oil reached 41 billion dirhams (\$11.5 billion) last year. Abu Dhabi, the largest member of the seven-state federation, is also the largest oil producer and contributor to the federal budget.

Saudi foreign minister holds bilateral talks in New Delhi

NEW DELHI, April 13 (R) — Saudi Foreign Minister Prince Faisal bin Abdul Aziz arrived today for a three-day visit to India, the second leg of a four-nation Asian tour. Prince Saud, who arrived from Bangladesh and will later visit Sri Lanka, said talks would cover Middle East and Indo-Saudi relations.

Official sources said the two countries would sign an economic and technical co-operation agreement tomorrow.

Saudi oil supplies to India this year have not yet been finalised, a petroleum ministry official told Reuters that imports from Saudi Arabia could be as much as 10 million tonnes (80,000 barrels per day — bpd) out of the 14.5 million tonnes (290,000 bpd) India expects to buy abroad in '81.

Prince Saud was met by Indian External Affairs Minister P.V. Narasimha Rao with whom he will have his main talks later today. He will meet Prime Minister Indira Gandhi tomorrow.

A joint communique issued in New Delhi at the end of Prince Saud's two-day visit to Bangladesh said and Bangladesh foreign minister Mohammad Shamsul Huq



Prince Saud Al Faisal firmly believed the "fratricidal" war between Iraq and Iran would cease shortly.

over the "alarming escalation of Zionist aggression" against the Arab and Palestinian people.

They maintained that security and stability in the Gulf was the responsibility of the Gulf nations alone without any foreign intervention or interference.

They repeated their demands for the immediate withdrawal of Soviet troops from Afghanistan and for the Afghan people to be allowed to decide their future freely.

They also reaffirmed their countries' full support for the creation of a zone of peace in the Indian Ocean.

At a press conference before leaving Dacca this morning, Prince Saud said Saudi Arabia was interested in "developing good relations with the Soviet Union, but added that the Afghan issue impeded this.

He said he hoped Moscow would respond favourably to the call of Muslim nations for it to withdraw troops from Afghanistan.

Prince Saud also promised more financial support for Bangladesh's 17-billion-dollar second five-year plan and for a 300 megawatt atomic power plant at Roopepur, 190 kilometres west of Dacca.

450 haggard Turkish Kurds tried

DIYARBAKIR, East Turkey, April 13 (R) — The trial began today of nearly 450 people accused of establishing a Kurdish nationalist movement to annex part of eastern Turkey.

The trial, in a specially-built courtroom surrounded by armed troops in Diyarbakir regional martial law headquarters, was the most chilling exhibition yet of the extent of Kurdish misery and the response of the Turkish army.

The military prosecutor has demanded the death sentence for 97 members of the so-called Apoit group, which is alleged to have carried out a reign of terror in Kurdish-populated villages and to have killed 243 people.

The prosecutor alleges hundreds of automatic weapons, explosives and rocket launchers were seized from the guerrillas.

About a quarter of the defendants, mostly illiterate or uneducated peasants, labourers and unemployed, refused to recognise the court.

Most looked haggard and had shaved heads. Two collapsed and were carried out and others had difficulty walking.

"We are being tortured," one declared when asked to identify himself.

"I do not consider your court to be independent. I will say nothing," said another. They were led from the court.

The Apoit group, named after the nickname of its alleged leader Abdullah Ocalan who is reported to have fled Turkey, is officially called the PKK (the Kurdish Labour Party).

It is one of six movements which claim to be fighting for the rights

of up to eight million Kurds in Turkey which the army says it has broken up since last September's coup.

A total of 2,331 Apoitists have been captured and the rest are to be tried later, a military spokesman said.

According to the 207-page indictment the Apoitists held sway in the impoverished villages in the southeast and in Diyarbakir itself through threats, extortion and killings.

The indictment said the group was trying to establish a Marxist-Leninist independent state. The extent of the group's ideological and nationalist goals is expected to emerge during the trial.

Local sources said whatever the movement's initial aims when it was set up in 1979, it had become dominated by gangsters and had little support from the bulk of the Kurdish people.

"That was why the army could round them up so quickly," said one local person who said many of his friends had been threatened by the group.

About 100 family members and friends watched as the defendants, many wearing the baggy trousers traditional to Kurdish communities, were called to identify themselves.

The group included two women who wept occasionally. Some have spent several months in detention. One complained of being inadequately fed. (see story below)

Kuwait mediates in S. Yemen, Oman

KUWAIT, April 13 (A.P.) — Kuwait's Foreign Minister Sheikh Sabah Al Ahmad Al Sabah left for South Yemen and Oman a bid to mediate differences between the pro-Soviet republic and pro-Western sultanate.

Sheikh Sabah will stop in Abu Dhabi on the way to be joined by Mr. Rashid Abdullah, the foreign minister of the United Arab Emirates.

Talking to newsmen before his departure Sheikh Sabah said the purpose of his trip was "related to eliminating all differences among brethren, particularly between Oman and South Yemen to keep the region safe from any dangers that could shake its security and stability."

He added he was carrying a personal message from Kuwait's ruler Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabah to President Ali Nasser Mohammed of South Yemen and that after his talks in Aden he would also visit Oman.

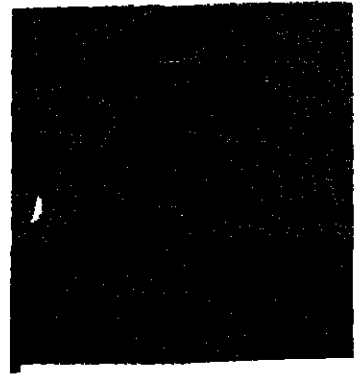
South Yemen, at the entrance to the Red Sea, is one of the Soviet Union's closest allies in the Arab World, providing the Soviet navy with base facilities.

In contrast, the Sultanate of Oman at the southeastern corner



Sheikh Sabah Al Ahmad Al Sabah of the Arabian Peninsula by the entrance to the Arabian Gulf, pro-western state that has agreed to provide facilities to the United States fleet.

In recent statements the Marxist regime of South Yemen has threatened it will resume supporting the Popular Front for the Liberation of Oman, a Marxist rebel group that seeks to overthrow Oman's ruler, Sultan Qaboos, and establish a Marxist state.



Sultan Qaboos



Mr. Ali Nasser Mohammad

TV programmes expose extremist violence

ANKARA: A series of harrowing television programmes has been showing Turks the full extent of the extremist violence which prompted the military to seize power in last September's coup.

During one television programme on right-wing violence in Istanbul, a man suffered a heart attack and died while watching a graphic account of the murder of a son.

"Even I find it hard to believe in many weapons there were in the country and how much the terrorists had dug in," said one senior military officer close to the ruling National Security Council.

Since the military take-over 15 extremist groups have been uncovered and broken up, 20,000 rifles and automatic weapons and 200,000 pistols seized or destroyed and more than 30,000 suspects detained, military spokesmen say.

With an average of more than 20 people a day dying in street violence before the coup, Turks were well aware of the growing anarchy and insecurity.

But they have expressed surprise at the size of the hidden arsenals and the organised networks set up to promote left- and right-wing extremism or factionalist groups like the Kurds in the east.

The television exposes, including chilling first-hand accounts of assassinations, are seen by most viewers partly as a justification by the military for their intervention.

One recent 40-minute programme painted a picture of a reign of terror by one Kurdish nationalist

group in a region of remote mountain villages in the southeast.

Locals described how the force of law crumbled as armed gangs of the Kurdish Workers' Party (PKK) intimidated and bribed local security forces and took control of whole towns.

The aim, according to the televised confessions, was to establish an independent Marxist state. The original plan to promote a popular uprising soon failed and was replaced by ruthless coercion.

2,331 PKK members were captured, of whom 447 will appear at a mass trial in the eastern city of Diyarbakir on April 13.

They are accused of killing 243 people since 1978, and the prosecutor said he would ask for the death sentence in 97 cases.

The control of the PKK, whose militants are known as apoitists, was virtually complete in areas like Hilvan and Siverek in the bleak country southwest of Diyarbakir.

"Every person living in Hilvan came under the influence of the apoitists because the government simply did not exist there," said one old man who was interviewed.

A teacher said 47 of the 52 villages around Silvan were under PKK control. The Turkish flag and the national anthem were forbidden.

Thousands left the area and the population of Siverek had been halved to 25,000 since 1978, officials said. One old man, who remembered the turbulent days of the emergence of the Turkish Republic after World War I declared: "When the French forces invaded they were never as cruel as the apoitists."

The PKK established their own courts and handed out death sentences. Young people were kidnapped and forced into armed service. One man said his son killed his own mother and sister when they opposed his militant activities.

The purpose of the television programmes, a senior military spokesman said, was "to put the facts so that the people can observe what kind of torture and inhuman acts these groups were up to."

They also act as a counter to reports published abroad of torture and mistreatment of some prisoners held by security forces since the coup.

Military spokesmen, including head of state Gen. Kenan Evren, have condemned all torture and pledged to investigate all claims that are submitted.

More than 60 claims are now being looked at, although reliable legal sources indicate that some complaints are not considered because local military commanders refuse to accept them.

More than a dozen deaths of detainees have been confirmed, including at least four cases of prisoners falling from police station windows. (R)

Good morning, Amman!

Eight pages of news in the Jordan Times

ECONOMY

Thanks to soaring exports

Japan halves its trade deficit

TOKYO, April 13 (R) — Japan halved its trade deficit last year thanks to soaring exports, including a 41 per cent rise in vehicle shipments, the finance ministry said today.

It said that in the financial year that ended in March the deficit was \$5.86 billion against a shortfall of \$13.45 billion in 1979, according to preliminary calculations based on customs figures.

Total exports rose nearly 23 per cent to \$138 billion while imports increased by 19.5 per cent to \$143.9 billion. Japan's total dependence on foreign oil meant that fuel accounted for half of all imports.

Exports to the United States and European Economic Community (EEC) where Tokyo's trade policies are under fire, rose 18.8 and 35 per cent to \$32.7 and \$17.93 billion respectively.

Imports from the U.S. rose 16.6 per cent while those from the EEC grew by 0.9 per cent, the ministry said. Tokyo has countered complaints about its export success in the EEC by saying that EEC businessmen could mount a more aggressive

sales campaign in Japan.

West Germany remained Japan's biggest EEC customer. Exports there rose 38 per cent to \$6.12 billion.

The figures showed that Japan raised its vehicle exports by 41.1 per cent to \$25.3 billion. Those to the EEC jumped 31.1 per cent to \$2.95 billion while shipments on the U.S. were up by 21.7 per cent to \$10.52 billion.

Tokyo's energy bill rose 35.7 per cent to \$72.2 billion. Japan cut the volume of its crude oil imports by 9.5 per cent last year but OPEC price increases meant it paid \$54 billion, an increase of 35.8 per cent.

In March alone Japan recorded a customs-cleared trade surplus of \$1.09 billion, a sharp improvement on the \$302.9 million surplus in February.

The comparative strength of the Japanese economy has been a major factor behind a boom on the Tokyo stock exchange, where huge foreign investment has propelled the market average to a string of records in recent weeks. The average hit a new high today of 7,540.60 but fell back to a close of 7,536.96.

ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS

Japanese crude steel production drops

TOKYO, April 13 (R) — Japanese crude steel production fell last year for the first time in three years because of the domestic economic slowdown and an export slump, it was announced today.

The Japan Iron and Steel Federation said production in the financial year ending last month totalled 107.38 million tonnes, a five per cent decline from 113.01 million tonnes the previous year.

The decline followed heavy production cuts by major steel firms in the line with a drop in demand from the construction and civil engineering industries.

Exports to the United States, China and the Middle East fell during the year, the federation said.

Qatar denies oil-cut threat to Japan

DOHA, April 13 (R) — Qatar today denied reported threats to cut off crude oil exports to Japan unless Japanese traders paid a surcharge on the official selling price.

Japanese oil trade sources in Tokyo said last week that Qatar had threatened to stop supplies unless importers accepted a \$6.50 a barrel premium over the \$37.23 official price on contracts beginning April 1.

But the Qatari Oil Minister, Sheikh Abdul Aziz Bin Khalifa Al Thani was quoted by the Doha newspaper *Al Rayya* today as saying: "Qatar made no such threats and is keen that its commercial and economic ties with Japan should continue and be strengthened."

He gave no details of negotiations with Japan over the new contracts. Last year, Japan imported 135,000 barrels of oil a day from Qatar.

Another Gulf country, Kuwait, is at present involved in tough negotiations with major Western oil company customers over oil premiums. The companies argue that an emerging glut in the world oil market means producing countries cannot justify surcharges.

Japanese firms build 5 hospitals in Iraq

TOKYO, April 13 (R) — Two Japanese companies are building five general hospitals in Iraq for completion by early 1982, the Taisei Construction Company, one of the firms, said today.

The 400-bed hospitals, in Baghdad, Nasiriya, Erbil, Tikrit and Najaf, would cost about 42 billion yen (\$195 million), it said.

The other firm involved is the Marubeni Corporation.

EEC's net oil imports fall by 11%

BRUSSELS, April 13 (R) — Net petroleum imports by the European Economic Community (EEC) fell 11 per cent in 1980, reflecting the economic recession and continuing oil price rises, the EEC statistics office said today.

Consumption of oil products fell 8.8 per cent and was lower than in 1979 for all countries except Greece, the provisional figures showed.

Net imports were 433 million tonnes but excluding Greece were 420 million, well under the limit of 472 million tonnes agreed by EEC leaders at their 1979 Strasbourg summit.

EEC officials said the recession clearly played a major part in the fall. Firm efforts were still needed to diversify into other energy sources, notably nuclear and coal, if the 472 million tonnes ceiling was to remain until 1985 as planned.

Oil now accounts for some 50 per cent of EEC energy consumption but the commission wants it cut to 40 per cent by 1990. However recent reports suggest the figure is likely to be around 43 per cent by then, and the commission foresees increased consumption of up to 50 million tonnes a year if there is no major switch to coal and nuclear energy.

Kuwait interbank rates fall

KUWAIT, April 13 (A.P.) — Interbank interest rates in Kuwait's local financial market fell sharply over the past two weeks because of abundance of loanable funds, the National Bank of Kuwait said in its weekly report today.

Kuwaiti interest rates continued their easy trend throughout the past week, reflecting a very liquid market with day to day funds trading at one per cent. Weekly loans were obtained at about six per cent per annum, the bank said. The rates were 10 and 11 per cent respectively two weeks ago.

In line with short term money, fixed rates also retreated further from their previous levels with most participants refraining from taking positions in favour of a wait and see attitude, the bank said.

The bank predicted local rates will be affected next week by the recent increase in U.S. interest rates.

The rates for one month and two months money in Kuwait's domestic market were last week 9.25 and 10 per cent respectively.

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON, April 13 (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at the close of trading on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets today.

One sterling	2.1625/35	U.S. dollar
One U.S. dollar	1.1922/25	Canadian dollar
	2.1698/1708	West German mark
	2.4070/90	Dutch guilder
	1.9805/20	Swiss franc
	5.1225/50	French franc
	35.55/58	Belgian franc
	1079.00/1080.00	Italian lire
	216.15/35	Japanese yen
	4.7140/50	Swedish crown
	5.5100/25	Norwegian crown
	6.8335/50	Danish crown
One ounce of gold	471.00/472.00	U.S. dollars

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON, April 13 (R) — Share prices closed around the day's lowest levels after opening weak on news brokers Hedderwick, Stirling, Grumbar and Co had failed to meet their obligations, dealers said.

Trading throughout was subdued after the initial markdown, they added. At 1500 the F.T. index was down 6.3 at 545.0. Electricals, among the more active sectors, had Thorn and GEC down 8p and 10p, respectively.

U.S. and Canadians were quietly mixed.

U.K. government bonds ended around ¼ point down in shorts and up to ¼ point lower at the longer end. The higher trend of U.S. interest rates and continuing speculation that the U.K. public sector borrowing requirement for 1981/82 will overshoot the government's target depressed sentiment, dealers said.

Glaxo was down 4p ahead of interim results due this afternoon while ICI and other leading chemicals were barely changed. Tubes was down 6p and other leading engineers were 3p or 4p lower. Gold shares fell up to three dollars with the bullion price.

U.S. rivalry, falling demand hit European textiles

CARRICKFERGUS, Northern Ireland, (R) — Back in the affluent 1960s, Carrickfergus claimed to be the most prosperous place in Northern Ireland but its dreams, pinned to a booming textile industry, are now in tatters.

Two gleaming new textile plants transformed this sleepy seaside town into a magnet for skilled workers, a place of sprawling housing estates and supermarkets.

Today one is closing down and the other has sharply reduced its workforce and nearly one in every three Carrickfergus workers is on the dole. In the recession-hit early 1980s Western Europe's textile industry is reeling before a combination of falling demand for clothing and carpets and rising exports from the United States. Few towns have been hit harder than Carrickfergus.

One of the town's two plants belongs to Imperial Chemical Industries (ICI). Britain's biggest manufacturing company which saw its profits fall sharply last year

and recently cut its dividend payment to shareholders for the first time since 1938. It is halting production in Carrickfergus with the loss of 1,600 jobs.

The second factory belongs to Courtaulds. ICT's main British rival in man-made fibres. Of 1,400 employed here by Courtaulds in 1979, only 300 are still in their jobs.

In all, West European textile makers have shed 700,000 jobs since 1973. The industry counted losses of around one billion dollars during 1980, entering this year deeply apprehensive and watching anxiously for some sign of a revival in demand.

At the same time it pressed governments to insist, both in Washington and at Geneva talks

on a new international multi-fibre agreement (MFA), that some curb be placed on soaring exports from the U.S.

Industry analysts reckon that West European output of man-made fibres is running at about 25 per cent below capacity, while U.S. fibre exports to the European Economic Community (EEC) rose last year by 22 per cent.

U.S. fibre manufacturers say their more modern plants and higher productivity chiefly account for their successful penetration of the European market.

But the Europeans say cheaper U.S. raw materials provide the Americans with an unfair advantage.

European manufacturers largely use naphtha, a refined oil product, as a basic raw material. Many U.S. textile plants use natural gas.

Naphtha prices have soared, roughly in line with crude oil from the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC).

But much U.S. gas is sold at government-controlled low prices.

The Europeans contend that cheap gas, and a dollar depressed in value on world money markets, enabled U.S. exporters to price fibres around 25 per cent below West European levels during the past year.

The EEC has asked Washington to lift gas price controls ahead of a 1985 target date — if it does not, British Trade Minister Cecil Parkinson said in Brussels on March 17, Britain might resort to unspecified trade reprisal measures.

Meanwhile in Geneva, the Europeans would like to turn the international multi-fibre agreement against the U.S.

The agreement has hitherto been used to impose quotas on imports into Europe from third world countries, held to an average increase of six per cent a year since the mid-1970s.

The Europeans would like

MFA curbs on U.S. exports to Western Europe and provision in the agreement for more Third World textiles to enter the U.S.

Industry sources said it will be difficult to obtain an agreement in Geneva, where preliminary discussion will soon be followed by serious negotiations likely to drag on through the year in a three-cornered fight between the EEC, the U.S. and Third World exporters in Asia and Latin America.

Western Europe's textile industry expanded and dominated the world trade in cloth with the invention 200 years ago of the spinning wheel and the rise of imperial power.

Throughout the 19th century, Britain's imperial possessions provided cotton for the mills of the home country, which then sold the finished cloth back to the colonies.

The invention of nylon and the collapse of empire doomed the cotton mills. But in the decades immediately after World War II

superior technology enabled the Europeans to prosper in the new field of synthetic fibres.

When originally conceived in 1973, the multi-fibre agreement was designed to ensure an orderly transfer of labour-intensive parts of the textile industry from wealthy, high-wage countries to the poorer Third World.

The Asians and Latin Americans contend, however, that it has simply been used as a protectionist device and, worse still, has kept Third World imports out of the West while letting the Americans take a slice of the European market.

Town councillors have joined with trade union leaders to form an action committee to press for the British government to publicise, within Britain and abroad, the town's need for new industries.

It is stressing the ready availability of sites, the pool of skilled labour and a good record in industrial relations.

JORDAN MARKETPLACE

RESTAURANTS

AMMAN
Holiday Dine
DAILY BUFFET
BREAKFAST, LUNCH & DINNER BUFFETS
SPECIAL LUNCHEON BUFFET IN THE BALLROOM
FRIDAYS & SUNDAYS
ADULTS JD 4.000
CHILDREN JD 2.500

Shepherd's Pub
Enjoy a cold glass of draught beer and a game of darts in a truly English Pub atmosphere at the Shepherd Hotel Pub.
Open 12 noon to 1 a.m.
Snacks & steaks served.

RESTAURANT TAIWAN TOURISMO
Opposite Akliah Maternity Hospital - 3rd Circle, J. Amman Tel. 41983
Try our special "Flaming Pot" fondue during your next visit. Take-away orders welcome. Welcome and thank you.

MANDARIN Chinese Restaurant
AMMAN
Wadi Saqra Road
East of New Traffic Bridge
Across From Holiday Inn
Tel. 61922
AMMAN

SATELLITE
RENT A CAR
fleet & individual rental
representatives
TOYOTA
ABDALLI / NEAR HOUSING BANK / TEL. 25767

NATIONAL RENT-A-CAR
1980 MODELS AVAILABLE
TEL. 39197-8

HISHAM RENT-A-CAR
1981 Models
P.O. Box 5047,
Tel. 42720, 43720
Tlx. 21887
HISHAM JO

AQABA

Holiday Dine
Enjoy our delightful Thursday Dinner Buffet & Friday Lunch & Dinner Buffets in sunny Aqaba

MANDARIN Chinese Restaurant
AQABA
Amman road beside Samir Amis Restaurant
Tel. 4633

MIRAMAR HOTEL
The Miramar Hotel is a holiday in itself!
Special Room Rates:
Single JD 9
Double (2 persons) JD 9
Breakfast Incl.
Tel. 04/4341-2 Tlx. 62275
MIRAMAR HOTEL
AQABA

Ghalia for a good look!
At Ghalia we have everything to make you look your best... that includes expert hair styling, beauty care treatment & the finest in beauty care products.
Shmeisani, near Tower Hotel

TRANSPORTATION

For CLEARANCE SHIPPING - TRAVEL & TOURISM AIR FREIGHT - PACKING
AMIN KAWAR & SONS
Travel & Tourism
General Sales Agents for: SAS Scandinavian Airlines Thai Airways
Tel. 37195, 22324-5-6-7-8-9
Tlx. 21212, 21520, 21634
P.O. Box 7806, Amman

JORDAN EXPRESS CO.
PACKING & CRATING
AIR & SEA FREIGHT
TRAVEL & TOURISM
Tel. 62722, 62723
38141, 22565
tlx. 21635 P.O. Box 2143

FURNITURE

FINLANDIA
Practical & comfortable office & home furniture in traditional Finnish quality and design
Bedroom sets
Assortment of fine Finnish design glass & earthenware
Distinctive gifts of all kinds
Near Abou Ahmad restaurant, Jabal Amman, Tel. 42867



CHINA RESTAURANT
The first and best Chinese restaurant in Aqaba. Take-away service. Open 11:30-2:30; 6:30-11:30 daily.
Tel. 4415

CHINA RESTAURANT
ABOVE HOMAM SUPERMARKET
GRINDLAYS BANK
POST OFFICE
SHAWKANI HOUSE
AQABA MUNICIPALITY

Handwritten signature or note.

سازمان

Fresh calls for gun control in the U.S.

By Marsha Dubrow

WASHINGTON — The attempt to assassinate President Reagan provoked fresh calls for tighter gun control laws, but the prospects for action appear even dimmer than after other recent killings of public figures.

The attack on President Reagan followed by four months the fatal shooting of former Beate John in New York City.

That killing also caused a nationwide outcry for more restrictions on guns, especially the "Saturday Night Specials" such as were used in the Lennon and Reagan incidents.

But advocates of controls have had little success in the United States, where guns are a part of popular culture, violent crime is rampant and the Wild West era is glorified in films and on television. One in every five households is estimated to have a gun. Not long after President Reagan was shot, which was made in the press of the fact that his wife, Nancy, used to say what she called "a little gun" in their California home.

In much of the country, especially western states, no household is considered complete without at least one gun.

Figures from the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) released last week showed that violent crime in the United States last year had increased by 13 percent in 1979.

A major argument used by gun advocates is that the right to bear arms is guaranteed by the second amendment of the U.S. constitution.

In five separate Supreme Court decisions on the issue, the court has affirmed that this right was a collective one applying to militias, not individuals. But any law restricting individual possession would have to be passed by Congress where pro-gun forces are stronger than ever.

A major reason why action to clamp down on gun sales seems less probable despite the latest shooting is that President Reagan himself believes that gun control laws are not the solution. He said this the day after Lennon was shot, although he also expressed a belief that five to 15 years should be added to prison terms of people who carry guns while committing crimes.

White House Counsellor Edwin Meese said after the attack on President Reagan that he did not expect the President to change his views because of the incident.

Asked in a television interview whether President Reagan might reverse his position, Mr. Meese said: "No, because I think that gun control laws would not have changed what happened in this terrible incident."

Mr. Meese, expressing the same views as many in the so-called

"gun lobby," added: "If a person is determined to get a gun and carry out a deed like this... he is going to find the gun or the other weapon that he is going to use. 'I don't think gun control laws really have any applicability,'" he said.

Official statistics show handguns were used in all but one of the 11 assassination attempts against U.S. presidents while in office.

The latest attempt is being used to support both sides of the passionate argument. Pro-gun forces repeatedly point out that the incident occurred in the U.S. capital, which has the country's strictest gun control measures.

A spokesman for a lobbying group called Citizens Committee for the Right to Keep and Bear Arms said after the Reagan shooting: "This heinous, criminal act against the president indicates the stupidity of gun control laws as crime prevention measures."

"None of the 20,000 laws in this country which govern the sale, possession and other aspects of firearms prevented this horrible occurrence," he added.

One bill that would weaken the only existing federal gun control law and another which would strengthen it are to be introduced soon in Congress.

Prospects for passage of the bill to ease gun restrictions are much improved after the last November's election of a dozen new conservative Republicans, many of whom were endorsed during the campaign by the pro-gun lobby.

The leading advocate of stricter controls is Senator Edward Kennedy, whose brothers John and



Non-restriction of gun possession leads bands like the Yu Yux Ylan leaving bloody victims

Robert were murdered with guns. Mr. Kennedy plans to introduce a bill which would prohibit manufacturing and selling small firearms and their ammunition.

A national drive to seek support for the Kennedy bill has been launched by a lobbying group called Handgun Control Incorporated.

REUTER



In the U.S. guns are a part of popular culture. At the same time violent crime is glorified in films and on T.V.

An educational satellite

GUILDFORD, England — As Britain's space research programme gathers dust because of economic recession, a group of university scientists is working with thrift and ingenuity on a satellite designed primarily for educational purposes.

The satellite, Uosat, is nearing completion at the University of Surrey, south of London and is scheduled for launch in the United States in a few months' time.

The satellite, which will be attached on to the back of a U.S. spacecraft, will have cost only about 100,000 sterling (\$220,000). Dr. Martin Sweeting, the Uosat project manager, said recently that the advent of the re-usable space shuttle in the United States would eventually reduce the cost of space flight, "and the relevance of making a relatively cheap spacecraft

becomes clear."

The satellite, about a metre high and 18 inches wide, contains complex electronics. It will be controlled by a computer on board the spacecraft while its instruments measure the ionosphere, photograph the earth and transmit the information back to ground control.

Uosat will be available for use by scientists, amateur radio operators and even schoolchildren while it is circling the earth. The data it collects will be transmitted constantly during flight.

Instruments on board include a device that will be able to speak to earthlings. This electronic contrivance, linked up to the spacecraft's computer, will tell listeners in English details of the satellite's operations and of the experiments it is carrying out.

Its speech is basic, with a vocabulary of only 150 words, but according to Dr. Sweeting and his staff, would-be listeners will be able to build suitable radio receivers for 150 sterling (\$315) and receive data direct without needing to master any complex code or jargon.

A university spokesman said: "If successful, the experiments should help to overcome the difficulties faced by most amateurs trying to enlarge their knowledge of space sciences. The potential exists for them to make a contribution to the science comparable with that of amateurs in such fields as astronomy and ornithology."

Dr. Sweeting and his colleagues have gathered an array of financial sponsors, a number of firms have given them parts or lent them some of the latest technical aids, and they have, as they put it, "begged and borrowed, if not stolen", components in order to reduce costs.

The budget is minute for a spacecraft of Uosat's complexity. UK-6, a British satellite of roughly comparable size, cost about nine million sterling (\$20 million) to develop and build, Dr. Sweeting said.

The base of the tracking disc they have used for 10 years to follow the progress of American communications satellites is adapted from an old Bofors anti-aircraft gun.

For a vital part of the spacecraft an aerospace supplier quoted

them a price of 15,000 sterling (\$33,000). But they managed to get a small business which normally provides components for underground trains to supply them with the same part for 500 sterling (\$650).

Uosat will ride into space on the back of a solar explorer craft tube launched by the U.S. National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) in California later this year. The launch will cost NASA some \$22 million, although it is to allow the British satellite on board its vehicle free of charge.

But now, in addition to the problem of stretched resources, there is the race against time. Launch date was originally programmed for next September but the project staff received a jolt a week ago when NASA announced it would probably bring lift-off forward to July.

So Dr. Sweeting is working a tight schedule with the other full-time technicians and about 30 volunteer students. All of them are relative novices in space research, having previously specialised in communications technology.

"As the space programme in this country seems to be a bit defunct we're doing what we can to try and revive it," Dr. Sweeting said.

For a vital part of the spacecraft an aerospace supplier quoted

(Reuters)

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN
© 1980 by Chicago Tribune

Q.1—Neither vulnerable, as South you hold:
♠K52 ♥AKJ3 ♦K872 ♣83
The bidding has proceeded:
South West North East
1♥ Pass 2♣ Pass

What do you bid now?
A.—It looks as if the hand is probably going to play in no trump, but you should not bid two no trump now even if that bid does not show extra values. Since your hand has virtually no tenaces, there is no reason to suppose that no trump will play better from your side. Your cause will be better served if partner declares a no trump contract. For the moment, just rebid two diamonds.

Q.2—Neither vulnerable, as South you hold:
♠872 ♥J6 ♦A1092 ♣QJ94
The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West
1♥ Pass 1NT Pass 2♣ Pass ?

What do you bid now?
A.—Opposite a partner who has reversed, you have a reasonably good hand. With so much strength in the unbid suits and no great preference for either of partner's suits, you should insist on no trump. But don't bid two no trump—that shows a very weak hand. Jump to three no trump and let partner decide if he wants to play in some other contract.

Q.3—As South, vulnerable, you hold:
♠AK72 ♥A62 ♦865 ♣942
The bidding has proceeded:
South West North East
Pass Pass 1♦ Pass ?

What do you bid now?
A.—Even though you passed a hand with 11 points in prime cards, there is no reason to indicate in dramatics now. Your hand is not suitable for a jump to two no trump because you have one suit unguarded and no source of tricks. The correct response is one spade. If partner cannot bid again, you certainly have not missed a

game. And partner's rebid will give you a better idea of the hand's potential.

Q.4—Both vulnerable, as South you hold:
♠832 ♥A7632 ♦Q98 ♣73
The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West
1♥ 2♣ 2♥ 3♣
Pass Pass ?

What action do you take?
A.—Ask whose lead it is. Despite your five-card support, your hand is not worth another bid. You described everything you had when you freely raised partner's one heart to two. Unless partner is hard of hearing, or refuses to bid a second time with fewer than 20 points, the possibility of your side making a nine-trick contract is nil.

Q.5—Neither vulnerable, as South you hold:
♠K54 ♥J2 ♦KQ9852 ♣J7
The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West
1♣ Pass 1♦ 1♥
1NT Pass ?

What action do you take?
A.—Your hand should prove very useful to partner at no trump, especially since you know that he has at least two diamonds. Also, partner must be better than dead minimum, since he was under no compulsion to bid over West's overall. We feel that a raise to two no trump describes your hand adequately. Three no trump is a little pushy for your tastes.

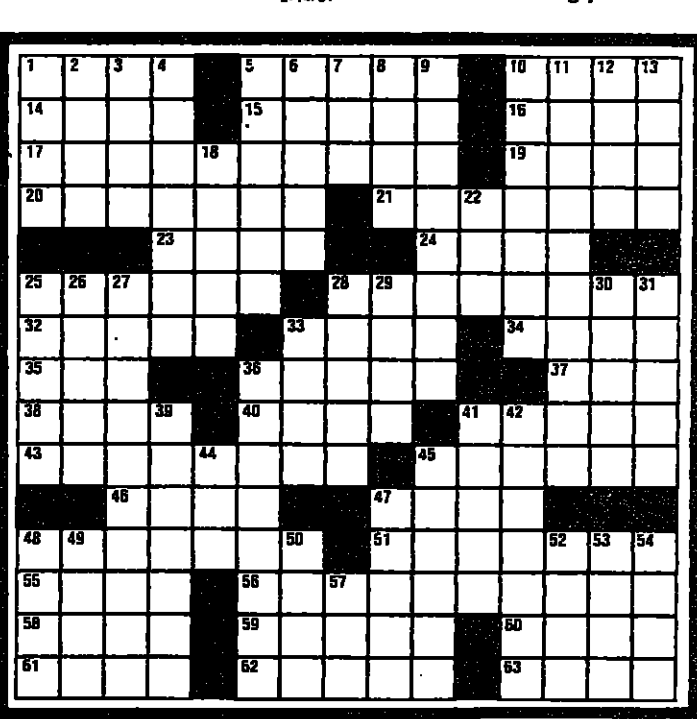
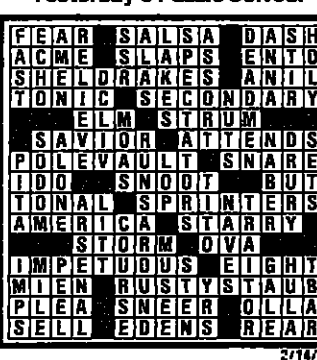
Q.6—As South, vulnerable, you hold:
♠AQJ64 ♥K ♦K542 ♣K83
The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West
1♥ Pass 1♣ Pass 4♥ Pass ?

What action do you take?
A.—If you think that your partner has made a "drop dead" bid, you are greatly mistaken—partner has shown a hand strong enough to play in four hearts even opposite a minimum response with no help in hearts. Actually, you have a magnificent hand with a key heart honor. We would ask for aces, and bid a small slam if partner has two and a grand slam if he shows three.

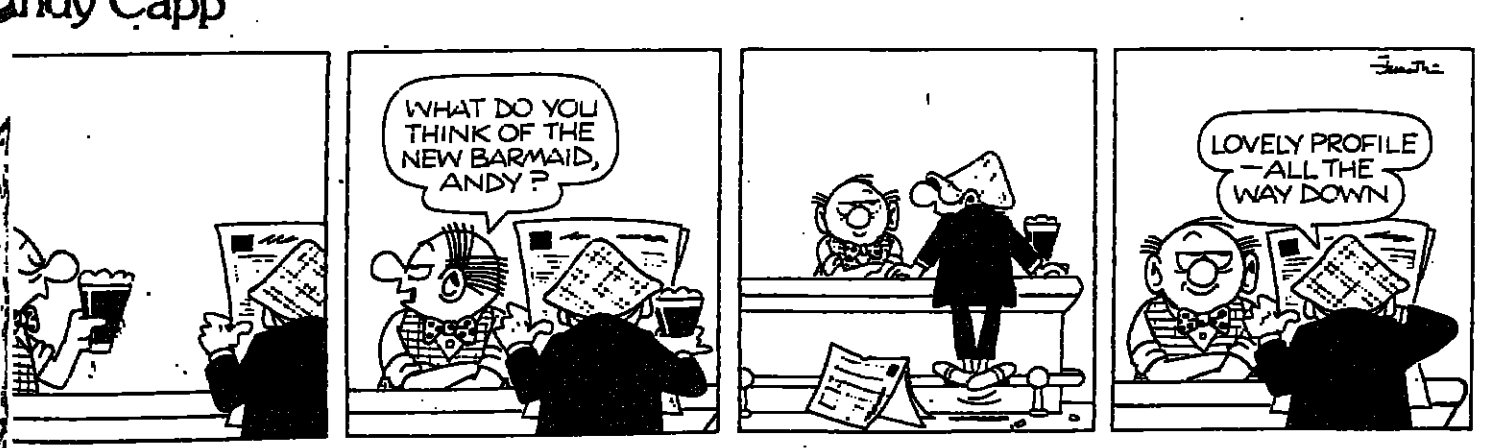
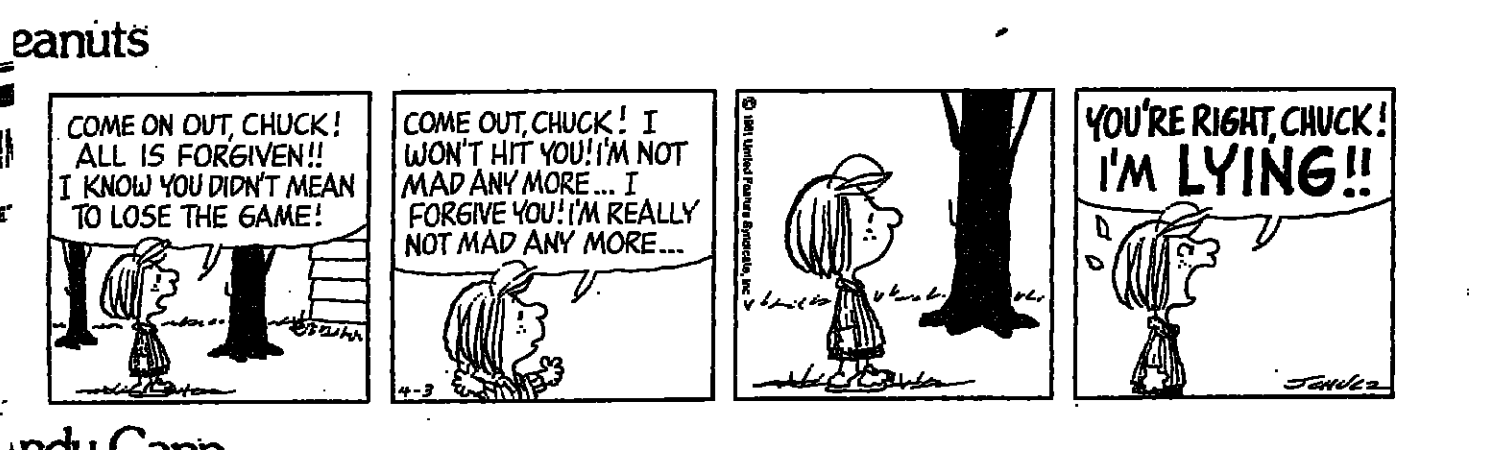
THE Daily Crossword by Samuel K. Flegler

- | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| ACROSS | 23 Charlie's relative | 46 Limerick man | 18 Happening by chance |
| 1 "It is — cry to Lochow" | 24 Put down with.." | 47 "I — man or oak | 22 After dog |
| 5 Smoldering residue | 25 Leon the boxer | 48 Part of BTU | 25 Impish young person |
| 10 Spurt | 28 Meaningful | 51 Hematite | 26 English essayist |
| 14 Before tone or gram | 32 Sweets | 55 Radomem | 28 English essayist |
| 15 Longest river in France | 33 Cupid | 56 Washed up | 27 Perplexed |
| 16 Musketeer's weapon | 34 Oil-yielding tree | 58 Roper the pollster | 28 Trim City on the Tiber |
| 17 Broke | 35 One — time | 59 Computerized data | 30 Original resort |
| 19 Cognomen | 36 Blighted urban areas | 60 Sicilian | 31 Tantalize |
| 20 Seat of Soviet government | 37 Eggs, to California | 61 Free from an interest | 33 Yale men |
| 21 Brought into harmony | 38 Persian of old | 62 Abstain | 36 Occurring irregularly |
| | 40 Maine's tree | 63 Hair pads | 39 Sage of Concord |
| | 41 Sadness | | 41 Don't — it! |
| | 43 — path | | 42 Lover of Hero |
| | 45 Scarab | | 44 Sign of the zodiac |
| | | | 45 Chew out |
| | | | 47 Without creature |
| | | | 48 Muscle |
| | | | 49 Revolution — any patriot |
| | | | 50 Wolf or eagle |
| | | | 52 One of the Chaplins |
| | | | 53 Insignificant one |
| | | | 54 Greek letters |
| | | | 57 New Deal grp. |

Yesterday's Puzzle Solved:



© 1981 by Chicago Tribune-N.Y. News Synd. Inc. All Rights Reserved 2/14/81



JUMBLE. THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME

by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee

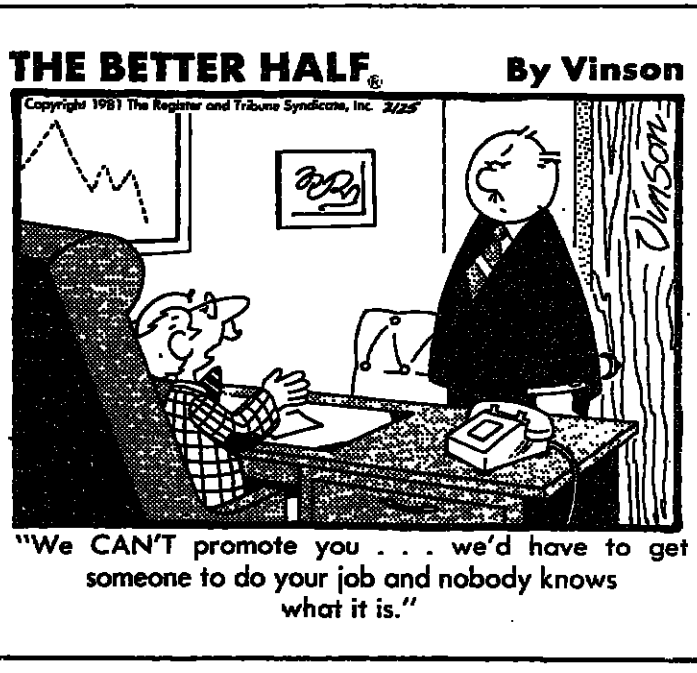
Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

NAIPO
PULIT
TYNTOK
ATTREY

Print answer here: _____

(Answers tomorrow)

Saturday's Jumbles: HAVEN BEGOT AROUND CASKET
Answer: Sounds like money for an inexperienced football player—A "GREEN" BACK



Blacks blame poor housing, no jobs

'Political extremists' to blame for London riots, police say

LONDON, April 13, (Agencies) — Police probing causes of Britain's worst race rioting that in two straight days left 244 persons hurt and over 30 buildings burned out in London's black Brixton district said today they believe political extremists may have started it.

Spokesmen for Brixton's black community, which is largely of West Indian origin, said the rioting stemmed from frustrations caused by high unemployment, bad housing and alleged police harassment of black youths, and they had long expected it.

Police deny persecuting blacks. But they say that because Brixton has one of London's highest crime rates with muggings, drug pushing and other street crimes, a large police presence is required.

"We have several unconfirmed reports to suggest that it was planned," Scotland Yard said. A spokesman said police are investigating reports stemming from the violence Saturday and yesterday that:

—large supplies of home-made gasoline bombs were on hand an hour after the start of Saturday's six hour clash between rioters and police.

—white men with groups of young black rioters were seen photographing police moves and

—the British Broadcasting Corp. called Scotland Yard's press bureau nearly two hours before the trouble first erupted saying it had been told there was rioting in Brixton.

London's police chief, Metropolitan Police Commissioner Sir David Mcneer, said there were indications the violence was not spontaneous and that trouble makers from outside Brixton had gathered in the seedy, depressed south London area before it started.

Rioters looted shops and damaged several fire engines, injuring eight firemen. Some 30 civilians were hurt, most of whom were black.

Some 1,000 police, riot shields stored in vans, were on hand today in case of further trouble, but others stopped to chat with residents stunned by the violence as they patrolled in twos and threes through debris-littered streets.

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

Presidential jet for Bradley's funeral

EL PASO, Texas, April 13 (A.P.) — More than 5,000 mourners crowded the adobe chapel at Fort Bliss to pay their last respects to Gen. Omar N. Bradley, the United States' last five-star general. Gen. Bradley's body was to be taken from El Paso to Washington aboard a presidential jet today for a funeral and burial in Arlington National Cemetery. His wife, Kitty, was to accompany the coffin on the flight to Washington. Gen. Bradley, the "GI's General," died of a heart attack Wednesday in New York City. He was 88 years old.

Three more blindings in Indian state

NEW DELHI, April 13 (A.P.) — Three more suspected criminals were caught by a group of villagers and blinded with needles and acid in Bhalgalpur District in India's Bihar State, the United News of India (UNI) has reported. At least 33 alleged criminals were blinded in the same district last year, most of them by policemen who claimed they were fighting crime, triggering a furor in India's parliament and press. Several police officials suspended by the state government after the blindings mushroomed into a major scandal were later reinstated after police unions threatened to go on a statewide strike. Police Superintendent A.N. Roy told UNI that the three victims were accused of slaying a local boy.

Italian government outlaws Alitalia strike

ROME, April 13 (R) — The Italian government has taken legal steps in an attempt to avert a seven-day strike over Easter by most of Alitalia's 1,800 pilots. Officials served summonses on pilots, who have said they will strike from midnight today over pay and flying hours. The pilots could face severe fines if they fail to report for duty. An Alitalia spokesman said yesterday that even if the stoppage goes ahead about 40 per cent of scheduled flights would be guaranteed. The pilots say they are among the lowest-paid in Europe. They have been negotiating a new work contract with the transport ministry since June and called off a seven-day strike in January after 72 hours. Summonses similar to those issued were used last year to end a stoppage by air traffic controllers. At that time they were military personnel and not civilians like the pilots. Meanwhile, the autonomous union ANPAC, which comprises about 80 per cent of the 1,800 pilots of the national carrier Alitalia, said today it would go ahead with its strike, and would challenge the government's legal moves in court.

Masquerading cowboys hold up casino

CAMPIONE D'ITALIA, Italy, April 13 (A.P.) — Three armed bandits dressed in cowboy attire held up a gambling casino at Brogedo on the Italian-Swiss border and made off with 190 million lire (\$180,000) in cash, police reported today. Police said the three bandits reached the casino aboard a Fiat Alfa-Romeo and at pistol point ordered the casino cashier to give them all the money. Police said after grabbing the money one of the bandits hit the cashier on the head with pistol before they fled in their waiting car.

Youths on the rampage in W. Berlin

BERLIN, April 13 (A.P.) — Hundreds of youths, angered over mistaken reports that two hunger-striking terrorists had died in jail, rampaged through downtown West Berlin late last night, smashing windows looting shops and damaging cars. Police said 20 youths were arrested, and seven remained in jail today. A police spokesman said about 200 shop windows were smashed, and five cars damaged, three of them in a dealer's showroom. Handbills found in the area claimed imprisoned terrorists Sigurd Debus and Andreas Vogel had died following hunger strikes. The two terrorists are among 27 members of the Red Army faction on hunger strike to demand status as political prisoners. Vogel and Debus were reported in critical condition. RAF, better known as the Baader-Meinhof Gang, is an ultra-leftist group responsible for a wave of bombings, murders, robberies and kidnappings during the 1970s.

Convicted terrorist found strangled

NOVARA, Italy, April 13 (A.P.) — Ermanno Buzzi, a right-wing terrorist serving a life sentence after being convicted of a terrorist attack that killed 6 persons in 1974, was found strangled in the jail of this north Italian town today, jail officials reported. Prison guards found Buzzi's body with a shoe lace around his neck on the courtyard of the Novara maximum security prison at the end of a rest hour for prisoners. Police said Buzzi's killing was apparently a vendetta by other prisoners. A court had convicted Buzzi in connection with the explosion of a time bomb hidden in a trash can at an anti-fascist rally in the heart of Brescia, in northern Italy on May 28, 1974.

Freighter-sub collision

Probe begins in Tokyo

TOKYO, April 13 (A.P.) — A veteran U.S. Navy submarine skipper has arrived in Japan today to begin a formal investigation into the collision of an American nuclear submarine and a Japanese freighter, in which two Japanese crewmen were lost as the ship fouled.

U.S. embassy officials said Capt. Willis Rich, a senior staff officer at the navy's Pacific headquarters in Hawaii, will serve as a one-man board of enquiry to probe the mishap as "thoroughly and quickly as possible." His investigation will include interviews with surviving crewmen in the sunken Nissho Maru, a 2,350-ton freighter, and with personnel of the U.S.S. George Washington, a Polaris-equipped nuclear submarine based in Guam, they said.

The report will go into navy headquarters in Washington and

then to the Japanese. Japan's Maritime Safety Agency is conducting a separate enquiry.

U.S. Ambassador Mike Mansfield said he could not estimate how long the navy's probe would take. "The quicker the better, but it must be thorough and justice must be even-handed," he told reporters.

The collision occurred last Thursday in the East China Sea, off the southern tip of Japan. The Shanghai-bound freighter sank within 15 minutes. Thirteen crewmen survived but the captain and another crewman are missing and presumed dead.

The incident has stirred a new public furor in nuclear-sensitive Japan, and Foreign Minister Masayoshi Ito has warned that there was a "danger that the relationship of trust between the United States and Japan would be affected" by it.

Italian police nab 38 terrorist suspects

ROME, April 13 (A.P.) — A four-month investigation has led to capture and arrest of 38 alleged right-wing extremists in the past week on suspicion of four murders, a group wounding and other crimes, anti-terrorist police said today.

Five magistrates at the Rome prosecutor's office issued 52 arrest warrants on charges of membership in an armed band and subversive association. Police said 14 of the warrants were served to jailed prisoners and police raids netted the other 38. Nine suspects were captured last night and five of the arrest warrants were issued for women.

The suspects are believed to belong to the neo-fascist extremist

groups Third Position (Terza Posizione), armed revolutionary Nuclei (Nuclei Armati Rivoluzionari) and People's Organic Communities (Comunità Organiche di Popolo), anti-terrorist police said.

The suspects were wanted in connection with the killings of a left-wing youth in 1977, a policeman in 1980, two other murders and the wounding of five women in a raid on a left-wing radio station. They were also sought in connection with robbing a sports store and several automobiles.

Police said they searched 60 homes and apartments and found 30 pistols, ammunition and a press for making false driving licences and other identity cards.

'Make use of the hoped-for lull'

Polish newspapers urge government to push reforms

WARSAW, April 13 (R) — Polish newspapers urged the government today to make full use of a hoped-for lull in strikes by showing that it could act decisively and push through reforms without being pressured.

Two leading newspapers, Trybuna Ludu and Zycie Warszawy, said many Poles believed that the authorities were dilatory and only acted under coercion, including the threat of strikes.

They said that after the Sejm (parliament) call on Friday for a two-month strike-free period, the authorities must now prove that this was not the case.

"For some time we have observed the widespread declaration noble intention coupled with universal paralysis of will," the government daily Zycie Warszawy said.

"The authorities object that society is insufficiently disciplined...but society objects that the authorities are functioning sluggishly and conducting a skirt-the-issue policy," it continued.

It said it was time to do something about Poland's almost catastrophic economy and that the economic reform programme had so far failed to go beyond the discussion stage.

The newspaper also indicated that responsibility for the success of the 60-day strike moratorium

rested ultimately on the ability of the authorities to act swiftly.

The Communist Party daily Trybuna Ludu made the same point and said the support Prime Minister Wojciech Jaruzelski received from the Sejm was to an extent dependent upon the government tackling a host of outstanding problems.

The Sejm support was linked to settlement of the problems of economic reform, the demand for a private farmers union, further democratisation of life and the resolution of all disputes through dialogue, Trybuna Ludu said.

Trybuna Ludu tacitly admitted that the Sejm resolution on strikes went against the spirit of the agreement the government signed with workers in Gdansk last summer, which enshrined the right to strike and gave birth to the Solidarity free trade union.

It said Sejm deputies had emphasised that the strike weapon would not have been used so hastily if the authorities had enjoyed public confidence, corrected wrong decisions and reacted to social needs.

Officials have not spelt out the precise legal status of the Sejm resolution which said: "It is indispensable that strikes and strike threats be refrained from for a period of two months."

SPORTS ROUNDUP

Sean O'Grady wins WBA lightweight title

ATLANTIC CITY, New Jersey, April 13 (Agencies) — Sean O'Grady won the World Boxing Association (WBA) lightweight title from Hilmer Kenty in a unanimous 15-round points decision. O'Grady scored his knockdown in the second and eighth rounds and ripped on Kenty's right eye in the seventh as he dominated the proceedings. Referee Larry Hazzard scored it 146-139, judge Vincent Rainone saw it 146-138 and judge Murry scored it 147-137, all for the new champion. Although Kenty had to crawl of the floor twice and was in trouble numerous times, he came close to winning it in the 11th round. In that round, the 25-year-old O'Grady flush on the jaw with a right hand. O'Grady dropped his hands to his side, wavered, then pattered backward into the corner. But Kenty was just too tired and beat up to take advantage. He did get home another good right, but O'Grady tied him up in the corner and went on to win the round with two separate barrages of head punches.

Tom Watson tops Masters Golf

AUGUSTA, Georgia, April 13 (R) — Tom Watson won his second Masters Golf championship yesterday closing with a 71 for an eight-under-par total of 280 at the Augusta National Course. Johnny Miller, who fired a 68, and Jack Nicklaus, with an even-par 72, shared second place two strokes behind Watson, with Greg Norman in fourth at 283 after a final round 72.

Vilas bags Royal Oak championship

HOUSTON, April 13 (A.P.) — Top-seeded Guillermo Vilas overcame heat and uncorked his clay court skills to beat rookie Sammy Giammalva, 6-2, 6-4, yesterday in the finals of the \$175,000 Houston National Tennis Championship. Vilas, the world's sixth-ranked player, earned the \$35,000 first prize with backhands and a tricky topspin that forced Giammalva to commit 47 errors during the two and a half hour match.

Joe Louis, the 'Brown Bomber' -- undefeated world champion

LAS VEGAS, Nevada, April 13 (R) — Joe Louis, the legend "Brown Bomber" who held the heavyweight boxing championship longer than any other man, has died of heart failure at the age of 66.

His death yesterday morning at the Desert Springs Hospital he caught family and friends by surprise. He had attended the Lar Holmes-Trevor Berwick heavyweight title fight at Caesar's Palace last night before and seemed in good health.

But at 9:35 a.m. yesterday Louis was rushed to the hospital where he arrived unconscious and suffering from cardiac arrest. He was pronounced dead half an hour later with his wife, Martha, and son by his side. Tributes poured in from around the country and in Atlantic City, New Jersey, a crowd of 3,000 people stood in silence before a night's World Boxing Association lightweight championship between Sean O'Grady and Hilmer Kenty. Joe Louis Barrow, eighth son of cotton picker, was born in a cabin near Lexington, Alabama, on M 13, 1914. A school teacher told him he would do well in a job where he could use his hands. He used them in a ring career spanning 17 years and won wide respect as a brave sportsman who fought hard a clean, and many boxing experts rank him as the greatest heavyweight of all time.

He won 68 of his 71 professional fights, 54 inside the distance, earned millions of dollars in the ring, most of it pocketed by backers, and ended his fighting career with heavy tax debts.

Louis was the second black in history, after Jack Johnson, to become world heavyweight champion. He fought his first professional bout for \$50 in July, 1934, and won the world title in 1937 by knockout out James Braddock.

In 1970, boxing fans were shocked to hear that one of the sport's most revered characters had suffered a severe mental breakdown in years earlier.

After successfully defending his title 25 times, a record, he retired in 1949 as undefeated world champion.

Bloodshed belies optimism in El Salvador

American officials in El Salvador believe that their supplies of arms and money will solve the problems in that small state in a few months. But the Salvadorean colonels themselves predict that operations will go on for another twelve years.

By Hugh O'Shaughnessy

"I don't remember the exact figures for the foreign debt but we could borrow 10, 20, 30 times more than we have borrowed already." Mr. Jose Napoleon Duarte, leader of one of El Salvador's Christian Democrat factions, and since December 13 President of the country, exudes confidence. As a helicopter buzzed low overhead he said quickly, almost as an afterthought: "Provided exports keep growing normally."

The same confidence is to be found elsewhere. A senior visitor from Washington said confidently: "We'll have the security problem licked in six months or so. Then we'll have elections, perhaps on October 11 — the British with their fine experience in Zimbabwe could have a wonderful role in the international supervision team."

Meanwhile, we'll be pumping in military supplies and money to keep the economy afloat and the private sector encouraged. The extreme right which has caused trouble in the past won't be able to disrupt the elections, the right-wing extremists are perfectly controllable, and they will be controlled.

To judge from his remarks, the social crisis through which this smallest country on the American continent has been passing for more than 50 years will be well on the way to being cleared up by mid-year. By then, the left will be in disarray, the moderates strengthened, and President Ronald Reagan proved totally right in his policy of putting a swift end to Russian and Cuban challenges to Washington's ultimate right to determine the course of events in its own backyard.

All would seem set for this small, densely populated and



The violence takes at least 1,000 lives a month

mountainous country — the size of Wales — to go back to traditional pursuits of growing sugar, cotton and the world's best coffee, and to building more of the factories which made it an industrial power by the modest industrial standards of South America, able for instance to export assembled electronic gadgets to Europe.

Less-committed people would be justified in taking a much more cautious attitude to the problems which have since the beginning of last year cost the lives of perhaps 15,000 Salvadoreans, and which look like taking at least 1,000 lives a month indefinitely until the war stops.

The Salvadoreans are in the middle of a battle over the reshaping of their society, for generations dominated by an oligarchy known as the "14 Families." El Salvador has a population of more than four million, 70 per cent of whom, according to government statistics, have an average monthly income of no more than colones 85 (\$15.50), or 94 per cent of whom have incomes of no more than colones 200 (\$36.50).

The spearhead of the Left, which was vastly encouraged in its

attempts to change things by the victory of the Sandinista guerrillas over President Anastasio Somoza in neighbouring Nicaragua nearly two years ago, comprises several guerrilla forces, loosely allied in the Farabundo Marti Liberation Front. They are in alliance with the Democratic Revolutionary Front of Social Democrats, Christian Democrats and other civilian politicians, headed by Dr. Guillermo Manuel Ungo, a leading Social Democrat.

Dr. Ungo and many of his civilian colleagues in the Front took part briefly in a civilian-military junta after reformers in the army overthrew the last military President in October 1979. But their hopes for social reform were disappointed as right-wing extremists in the army moved to block change. Early last year, they resigned and threw in their lot with the guerrillas.

Which work mostly with it have committed atrocity after atrocity in an attempt to crush the guerrillas. The latter have replied in kind. After three months in office, President Duarte can claim his successes. A guerrilla push in early January unwisely named "the final offensive" petered out, as had a general strike called by the left some weeks before.

But if the left's hopes of a rapid-military victory have been dashed the guerrillas are very far from being crushed. The Salvadorean colonels themselves predict that full-scale operations could go on for another four years and mopping-up operations for another eight years after that.

Meanwhile, the economy is a war casualty, suffering from shock and haemorrhage. The foreign exchange reserves are in the red to perhaps \$100 million. The gross national product fell last year by anything from 8.7 per cent to more than 15 per cent, depending on whose statistics one accepts. Bank credit has dried up. There are 245,000 out of work and 50,000 more people coming on to the labour market every year. Inflation is running at 19 per cent. The government, which

miraculously ran small but surpluses last year and the year before, now faces a budget deficit this year of colones 225 million expenditure of nearly colone billion.

In such circumstances, the U administration is starting what in Salvadorean terms a big financial operation to ensure Presid Duarte's cash flow, and is doing best to bolster those private entrepreneurs who have already fled to Miami or New Orleans. Washington is aiming send \$126 million in economic aid to El Salvador this year, and that will be more if needed and if Congress approves. The U.S. nightmare is the threat of an economic collapse if crops are brought in, or if the guerrillas bring them on the road and the railways in the warehouses or in the port. And despite the best military hardware and training the U can supply, the guerrillas look certain to be able to retain the power to damage the economy.

How many months or years will elapse before talks are called, as how many thousands of Salvadoreans, combatant or innocent, will die before the war grinds to a bloody halt is anyone's guess.

(Financial Times news features)



Under Duarte's rule, the military and paramilitary have committed atrocity after atrocity

Handwritten signature or note at the bottom of the page.